



Part 141

Pilot Schools

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Subpart A
General

141.1 Applicability.

This part prescribes the requirements for issuing pilot school certificates, provisional pilot school certificates, training specifications, and the general operating rules applicable to a holder of a certificate and training specifications issued under this part.

141.2 Certificate required.

No person may operate as a certificated pilot school without, or in violation of, a pilot school certificate or provisional pilot school certificate or training specifications issued under this part. Training specifications are part of the pilot school certificate.

141.5 Requirements for a pilot school certificate.

An applicant may be issued a pilot school certificate and training specifications if the applicant:

- (a) Holds a provisional pilot school certificate, issued under this part, for at least 24 calendar months preceding the month in which the application for a pilot school certificate is made;
- (b) Meets the applicable requirements of subparts A through C and G of this part for the courses sought; and
- (c) Has trained and recommended for pilot certification and rating tests, within 24 calendar months preceding the month the application is made for the pilot school certificate, at least 10 students for a knowledge or practical test for a pilot license, flight instructor rating, ground instructor license, an additional rating, an end-of-course test for a training course specified in appendix j to this part, or any combination of those tests, and at least 80 percent of all tests administered were passed on the first attempt.

141.7 Provisional pilot school certificate.

An applicant that meets the applicable requirements of subparts A, B, C and G of this part, but does not meet the recent training activity requirements of Section 141.5(d) of this part, may be issued a provisional pilot school certificate with training specifications.

141.9 Examining authority.

An applicant is issued examining authority for its pilot school certificate if the applicant meets the requirements of subpart D of this part.

141.11 Pilot school courses.

- (a) The courses listed in paragraph (b) of this section may be issued to an applicant for:
 - (1) A pilot school certificate, provided the applicant meets the requirements of Section 141.5 of this part; or
 - (2) A provisional pilot school certificate provided the applicant meets the requirements of Section 141.7 of this part.
- (b) An applicant may be authorized to conduct the following courses:
 - (1) Certification and rating courses. (Appendixes A through i).
 - (i) Private pilot course.
 - (ii) Commercial pilot course
 - (iii) Instrument rating course
 - (iv) Airline transport pilot course
 - (v) Flight instructor license course
 - (vi) Flight instructor license (instrument) course.
 - (vii) Ground instructor course.
 - (viii) Additional aircraft category or class rating course.
 - (ix) Aircraft type rating course.
 - (2) Special preparation courses. (Appendix J).
 - (i) Pilot refresher course.
 - (ii) Flight instructor refresher course.
 - (iii) Ground instructor refresher course.
 - (iv) Agricultural aircraft operations course.

- (v) Rotorcraft external-load operations course.
 - (vi) Special operations course.
 - (vii) Test pilot course.
- (3) Pilot ground school course. (Appendix k).

141.13 Application for issuance, amendment, or renewal.

- (a) Application for an original certificate and training specifications, additional training specifications, or the renewal of a certificate under this part must be made on a form and in a manner prescribed by the ECAA.
- (b) Application for the issuance or amendment of a certificate or training specifications must be accompanied by two copies of each proposed training course curriculum for which approval is sought.

141.17 Duration of certificate and examining authority.

- (a) Unless surrendered, suspended, or revoked, a pilot school's certificate or a provisional pilot school's certificate expires:
 - (1) On the last day of the 24th calendar month from the month the certificate was issued;
 - (2) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, on the date that any change in ownership of the school occurs;
 - (3) On the date of any change in the facilities upon which the school's certificate is based occurs; or
 - (4) Upon notice by the ECAA that the school has failed for more than 60 days to maintain the facilities, aircraft, or personnel required for any one of the school's approved training courses.
- (b) A change in the ownership of a pilot school or provisional pilot school does not terminate that school's certificate if, within 30 days after the date that any change in ownership of the school occurs:
 - (1) Application is made for an appropriate amendment to the certificate; and
 - (2) No change in the facilities, personnel, or approved training courses is involved.
- (c) An examining authority issued to the holder of a pilot school certificate expires on the date that the pilot school certificate expires, or is surrendered, suspended, or revoked.

141.18 Carriage of narcotic drugs, marijuana, and depressant or stimulant drugs or substances.

If the holder of a certificate issued under this part permits any aircraft owned or leased by that holder to be engaged in any operation that the certificate holder knows to be in violation of 91.19(a) of the ECARs, that operation is a basis for suspending or revoking the certificate.

141.19 Display of certificate.

- (a) Each holder of a pilot school certificate or a provisional pilot school certificate must display that certificate in a place in the school that is normally accessible to the public and is not obscured.
- (b) A certificate must be made available for inspection upon request by:
 - (1) The ECAA;
 - (2) An authorized representative of the Ministry of Civil Aviation (MOCA) Central Administration for Aviation Accidents.

141.21 ECAA Inspection Authority

- (a) Each person holds a certificate under this part (or applied for such certificate) shall grant unrestricted and unlimited access for ECAA inspectors to inspect his personnel, facilities, equipment, documents and records to determine:
 - (1) Eligibility to continue to hold his certificate.
 - (2) Compliance with this ECAR part
- (b) Failure to comply with paragraph (a) above shall be a basis to suspend, withdraw or revoke any certificate issued under this part.

141.23 Advertising limitations.

- (a) The holder of a pilot school certificate or a provisional pilot school certificate may not make any statement relating to its certification or training specifications that is false or designed to mislead any person contemplating enrollment in that school.
- (b) The holder of a pilot school certificate or a provisional pilot school certificate may not advertise that the school is certificated unless it clearly differentiates between courses that have been approved under part 141 of the ECARs and those that have not been approved under part 141 of this ECARs.
- (c) The holder of a pilot school certificate or a provisional pilot school certificate must promptly remove:
 - (1) From vacated premises, all signs indicating that the school was certificated by the ECAA; or
 - (2) All indications (including signs), wherever located, that the school is certificated by the ECAA when its certificate has expired or has been surrendered, suspended, or revoked.

141.25 Business office and operations base.

- (a) Each holder of a pilot school or a provisional pilot school certificate must maintain a principal business office with a mailing address in the name shown on its certificate.
- (b) The facilities and equipment at the principal business office must be adequate to maintain the files and records required to operate the business of the school.
- (c) The principal business office may not be shared with, or used by, another pilot school.
- (d) Before changing the location of the principal business office or the operations base, each certificate holder must notify the ECAA Flight Safety Standards Office and the notice must be:
 - (1) Submitted in writing at least 30 days before the change of location; and
 - (2) Accompanied by any amendments needed for the certificate holder's approved training course outline.
- (e) A certificate holder may conduct training at an operations base other than the one specified in its certificate, if:
 - (1) The ECAA has inspected and approved the base for use by the certificate holder; and
 - (2) The course of training and any needed amendments have been approved for use at that base.

141.26 Training agreements.

A training center certificated under Part 142 of the ECARs may provide the training, testing, and checking for pilot schools certificated under Part 141 of this ECAR, and is considered to meet the requirements of Part 141, provided;

- (a) There is a training agreement between the certificated training center and the pilot school;
- (b) The training, testing, and checking provided by the certificated training center is approved and conducted under Part 142;
- (c) The pilot school certificated under Part 141 obtains the ECAA approval for a training course outline that includes the training, testing, and checking to be conducted under Part 141 and the training, testing, and checking to be conducted under Part 142; and
- (d) Upon completion of the training, testing, and checking conducted under Part 142, a copy of each student's training record is forwarded to the Part 141 School and becomes Part of the student's permanent training record.

141.27 Renewal of certificates.

- (a) Pilot school.
 - (1) A pilot school may apply for renewal of its school certificate within 30 days preceding the month the pilot school's certificate expires, provided the school meets the requirements prescribed in paragraph (a)(2) of this section for renewal of its certificate.
 - (2) A pilot school may have its school certificate renewed for an additional 24 calendar months if the ECAA determines the school's personnel, aircraft,

facility and airport, approved training courses, training records, and recent training ability and quality meet the requirements of this part.

- (3) A pilot school that does not meet the renewal requirements in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, may apply for a provisional pilot school certificate if the school meets the requirements of Section 141.7 of this part.

(b) Provisional pilot school.

- (1) Except as provided in paragraph (b) (3) of this section, a provisional pilot school may not have its provisional pilot school certificate renewed.
- (2) A provisional pilot school may apply for a pilot school certificate and training specifications provided that school meets the requirements of Section 141.5 of this part.
- (3) A former provisional pilot school may apply for another provisional pilot school certificate; provided 180 days have elapsed since its last provisional pilot school certificate expired.

141.29 [Reserved]

Subpart B
Personnel, Aircraft, and Facilities Requirements

141.31 Applicability.

- (a) This subpart prescribes:
 - (1) The personnel and aircraft requirements for a pilot school certificate or a provisional pilot school certificate; and
 - (2) The facilities that a pilot school or provisional pilot school must have available on a continuous basis.
- (b) As used in this subpart, to have continuous use of a facility, including an airport, the school must have:
 - (1) Ownership of the facility or airport for at least 6 calendar months after the date the application for initial certification and on the date of renewal of the school's certificate is made; or
 - (2) A written lease agreement for the facility or airport for at least 6 calendar months after the date the application for initial certification and on the date of renewal of the school's certificate is made.
- (c) Each pilot school referenced under this subpart shall have, or have access to, the necessary information, equipment, training devices and material to conduct the courses for which it is approved.

141.33 Personnel.

- (a) An applicant for a pilot school certificate or for a provisional pilot school certificate must meet the following personnel requirements:
 - (1) Each applicant must have adequate personnel, including properly rated flight instructors, licensed ground instructors, or holders of a commercial pilot license with a lighter-than-air rating, and a chief instructor for each approved course of training who is qualified and competent to perform the duties to which that instructor is assigned.
 - (2) If the school employs dispatchers, aircraft handlers, and line and service personnel, then it must instruct those persons in the procedures and responsibilities of their employment.
 - (3) Authorized instructors to be used for ground or flight training must hold an appropriate flight instructor license on their pilot license, hold an appropriate ground instructor license, or commercial pilot license with a lighter-than-air rating, as appropriate, with ratings for the approved course of training and any aircraft used in that course.
- (b) An applicant for a pilot school certificate or for a provisional pilot school certificate must designate a chief instructor for each of the school's approved training courses, who must meet the requirements of Section 141.35 of this part.
- (c) When necessary, an applicant for a pilot school certificate or for a provisional pilot school certificate may designate a person to be an assistant chief instructor for an approved training course, provided that person meets the requirements of Section 141.36 of this part.
- (d) A pilot school and a provisional pilot school may designate a person to be a check instructor for conducting student stage checks, end-of-course tests, and instructor proficiency checks, provided:
 - (1) That person meets the requirements of Section 141.37 of this part; and
 - (2) That school has a student enrollment of at least 50 students at the time designation is sought.
- (e) A person, as listed in this section, may serve in more than one position for a school, provided that person is qualified for each position.
- (f) The pilot school shall nominate a person responsible for ensuring it is in compliance with the requirements for an approved pilot school certificate issued in under this Part.
- (g) The pilot school shall employ the necessary personnel to plan, perform and supervise the training to be conducted.
- (h) The competence of instructional personnel shall be in accordance with procedures and to a level acceptable to the ECAA Licensing Authority.
- (i) The pilot school shall ensure that all instructional personnel receive initial and continuation training appropriate to their assigned tasks and responsibilities. The

training program established by the pilot school shall include training in knowledge and skills related to human performance.

141.35 Chief instructor qualifications.

- (a) To be eligible for designation as a chief instructor for a course of training, a person must meet the following requirements:
- (1) Hold a commercial pilot license or an airline transport pilot license, and, except for a chief instructor for a course of training solely for a lighter-than-air rating, a current flight instructor license. The license must contain the appropriate aircraft category and class ratings for the category and class of aircraft used in the course and an instrument rating, if an instrument rating is required for enrollment in the course of training;
 - (2) Meet the pilot-in-command recent flight experience requirements of 61.57 of the ECARs;
 - (3) Pass a knowledge test on:
 - (i) Teaching methods;
 - (ii) Applicable provisions of the Egyptian aeronautical information publication;
 - (iii) Applicable provisions of Parts 61, 91, and Section 141 of the ECARs; and
 - (iv) The objectives and approved course completion standards of the course for which the person seeks to obtain designation.
 - (4) Pass a proficiency test on instructional skills and ability to train students on the flight procedures and maneuvers appropriate to the course;
 - (5) Except for a course of training for gliders, balloons, or airships, the chief instructor must meet the applicable requirements in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section; and
 - (6) A chief instructor for a course of training for gliders, balloons or airships is only required to have 40 percent of the hours required in paragraphs (b) and (d) of this section.
- (b) For a course of training leading to the issuance of a private pilot license or rating, a chief instructor must have:
- (1) At least 1,000 hours as pilot in command; and
 - (2) Primary flight training experience, acquired as either a licensed flight instructor or an instructor in a military pilot flight training program, or a combination thereof, consisting of at least—
 - (i) 2 years and a total of 500 flight hours; or
 - (ii) 1,000 flight hours.
- (c) For a course of training leading to the issuance of an instrument rating or a rating with instrument privileges, a chief instructor must have:
- (1) At least 100 hours of flight time under actual or simulated instrument conditions;
 - (2) At least 1,000 hours as pilot in command; and
 - (3) Instrument flight instructor experience, acquired as either a licensed flight instructor-instrument or an instructor in a military pilot flight training program, or a combination thereof, consisting of at least:
 - (i) 2 years and a total of 250 flight hours; or
 - (ii) 400 flight hours.
- (d) For a course of training other than one leading to the issuance of a private pilot license or rating, or an instrument rating or a rating with instrument privileges, a chief instructor must have:
- (1) At least 2,000 hours as pilot in command; and
 - (2) Flight training experience, acquired as either a licensed flight instructor or an instructor in a military pilot flight training program, or a combination thereof, consisting of at least—
 - (i) 3 years and a total of 1,000 flight hours; or
 - (ii) 1,500 flight hours.
- (e) To be eligible for designation as chief instructor for a ground school course, a person must have 1 year of experience as a ground school instructor at a certificated pilot school.

141.36 Assistant chief instructor qualifications.

- (a) To be eligible for designation as an assistant chief instructor for a course of training, a person must meet the following requirements:
- (1) Hold a commercial pilot or an airline transport pilot license and, except for the assistant chief instructor for a course of training solely for a lighter-than-air rating, a current flight instructor license. The license must contain the appropriate aircraft category, class, and instrument ratings if an instrument rating is required by the course of training for the category and class of aircraft used in the course;
 - (2) Meet the pilot-in-command recent flight experience requirements of 61.57 of the ECARs;
 - (3) Pass a knowledge test on:
 - (i) Teaching methods;
 - (ii) Applicable provisions of the Egyptian aeronautical information publication. (iii) Applicable provisions of Parts 61, 91, and Section 141 of the ECARs; and
 - (iv) The objectives and approved course completion standards of the course for which the person seeks to obtain designation.
 - (4) Pass a proficiency test on the flight procedures and maneuvers appropriate to that course; and
 - (5) Meet the applicable requirements in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section. However, an assistant chief instructor for a course of training for gliders, balloons, or airships is only required to have 40 percent of the hours required in paragraphs (b) and (d) of this section.
- (b) For a course of training leading to the issuance of a private pilot license or rating, an assistant chief instructor must have:
- (1) At least 500 hours as pilot in command; and
 - (2) Flight training experience, acquired as either a licensed flight instructor or an instructor in a military pilot flight training program, or a combination thereof, consisting of at least:
 - (i) 1 year and a total of 250 flight hours; or
 - (ii) 500 flight hours.
- (c) For a course of training leading to the issuance of an instrument rating or a rating with instrument privileges, an assistant chief flight instructor must have:
- (1) At least 50 hours of flight time under actual or simulated instrument conditions;
 - (2) At least 500 hours as pilot in command; and
 - (3) Instrument flight instructor experience, acquired as either a licensed flight instructor-instrument or an instructor in a military pilot flight training program, or a combination thereof, consisting of at least:
 - (i) 1 year and a total of 125 flight hours; or
 - (ii) 200 flight hours.
- (d) For a course of training other than one leading to the issuance of a private pilot license or rating, or an instrument rating or a rating with instrument privileges, an assistant chief instructor must have:
- (1) At least 1,000 hours as pilot in command; and
 - (2) Flight training experience, acquired as either a licensed flight instructor or an instructor in a military pilot flight training program, or a combination thereof, consisting of at least:
 - (i) 1 1/2 years and a total of 500 flight hours; or
 - (ii) 750 flight hours.
- (e) To be eligible for designation as an assistant chief instructor for a ground school course, a person must have 6 months of experience as a ground school instructor at a certificated pilot school.

141.37 Flight Standards instructor qualifications.

- (a) To be designated as a flight standards instructor for conducting student stage checks, end-of-course tests, and instructor proficiency checks under this part, a person must meet the eligibility requirements of this section:
- (1) For checks and tests that relate to either flight or ground training, the person must pass a test, given by the chief instructor, on:
 - (i) Teaching methods;

- (ii) Applicable provisions of the Egyptian Aeronautical Information Publication;
 - (iii) Applicable provisions of Parts 61, 91, and Section 141 of the ECARs; and
 - (iv) The objectives and course completion standards of the approved training course for the designation sought.
- (2) For checks and tests that relate to a flight training course, the person must:
- (i) Meet the requirements in paragraph (a)(1) of this section;
 - (ii) Hold a commercial pilot license or an airline transport pilot license and, except for a check instructor for a course of training for a lighter-than-air rating, a current flight instructor license. The license must contain the appropriate aircraft category, class, and instrument ratings for the category and class of aircraft used in the course;
 - (iii) Meet the pilot-in-command recent flight experience requirements of 61.57 of the ECARs; and
 - (iv) Pass a proficiency test, given by the chief instructor or assistant chief instructor, on the flight procedures and maneuvers of the approved training course for the designation sought.
- (3) For checks and tests that relate to ground training, the person must:
- (i) Meet the requirements in paragraph (a)(1) of this section;
 - (ii) Except for a course of training for a lighter-than-air rating, hold a current flight instructor license or ground instructor license with ratings appropriate to the category and class of aircraft used in the course; and
 - (iii) For a course of training for a lighter-than-air rating, hold a commercial pilot license with a lighter-than-air category rating and the appropriate class rating.
- (b) A person who meets the eligibility requirements in paragraph (a) of this section must:
- (1) Be designated, in writing, by the chief instructor to conduct student stage checks, end-of-course tests, and instructor proficiency checks; and
 - (2) Be approved by the ECAA..
- (c) A flight standards instructor may not conduct a stage check or an end-of-course test of any student for whom the check instructor has:
- (1) Served as the principal instructor; or
 - (2) Recommended for a stage check or end-of-course test.

141.38 Airports.

- (a) An applicant for a pilot school certificate or a provisional pilot school certificate must show it has continuous use of each airport at which training flights originate.
- (b) Each airport used for airplanes and gliders must have at least one runway or takeoff area that allows training aircraft to make a normal takeoff or landing under the following conditions at the aircraft's maximum certificated takeoff gross weight:
 - (1) Under wind conditions of not more than 5 miles per hour;
 - (2) At temperatures in the operating area equal to the mean high temperature for the hottest month of the year;
 - (3) If applicable, with the power plant operation, and landing gear and flap operation recommended by the manufacturer; and
 - (4) In the case of a takeoff:
 - (i) With smooth transition from liftoff to the best rate of climb speed without exceptional piloting skills or techniques; and
 - (ii) Clearing all obstacles in the takeoff flight path by at least 50 feet.
- (c) Each airport must have a wind direction indicator that is visible from the end of each runway at ground level;
- (d) Each airport must have a traffic direction indicator when the airport does not have an operating control tower.
- (e) Except as provided in paragraph (f) of this section, each airport used for night training flights must have permanent runway lights;
- (f) An airport or seaplane base used for night training flights in seaplanes is permitted to use adequate nonpermanent lighting or shoreline lighting, if approved by the ECAA.

141.39 Aircraft.

An applicant for a pilot school certificate or provisional pilot school certificate must show that each aircraft used by that school for flight training and solo flights meets the following requirements:

- (a) Each aircraft must be registered as a civil aircraft in the ARAB REPUBLIC OF EGYPT;
- (b) Each aircraft must be certificated with a standard airworthiness certificate or a primary airworthiness certificate, unless the ECAA determines that due to the nature of the approved course, an aircraft not having a standard airworthiness certificate or primary airworthiness certificate may be used;
- (c) Each aircraft must be maintained and inspected in accordance with the requirements under subpart E of Part 91 of this ECAR that apply to aircraft operated for hire;
- (d) Each aircraft used in flight training must have at least two pilot stations with engine-power controls that can be easily reached and operated in a normal manner from both pilot stations; and
- (e) Each aircraft used in a course involving IFR en route operations and instrument approaches must be equipped and maintained for IFR operations. For training in the control and precision maneuvering of an aircraft by reference to instruments, the aircraft may be equipped as provided in the approved course of training.

141.41 Flight simulators, flight training devices, and training aids.

An applicant for a pilot school certificate or a provisional pilot school certificate must show that its flight simulators, flight training devices, training aids, and equipment meet the following requirements:

- (a) Flight simulators. Each flight simulator used to obtain flight training credit allowed for flight simulators in an approved pilot training course curriculum must:
 - (1) Be a full-size aircraft cockpit replica of a specific type of aircraft, or make, model, and series of aircraft;
 - (2) Include the hardware and software necessary to represent the aircraft in ground operations and flight operations;
 - (3) Use a force cueing system that provides cues at least equivalent to those cues provided by a 3 degree freedom of motion system;
 - (4) Use a visual system that provides at least a 45-degree horizontal field of view and a 30-degree vertical field of view simultaneously for each pilot; and
 - (5) Has been evaluated, qualified, and approved by the ECAA or by the civil aviation authority of a contracting State to the Convention on International Civil Aviation in a manner accepted by the ECAA.
- (b) Flight training devices. Each flight training device used to obtain flight training credit allowed for flight training devices in an approved pilot training course curriculum must:
 - (1) Be a full-size replica of instruments, equipment panels, and controls of an aircraft, or set of aircraft, in an open flight deck area or in an enclosed cockpit, including the hardware and software for the systems installed that is necessary to simulate the aircraft in ground and flight operations;
 - (2) Need not have a force (motion) cueing or visual system; and
 - (3) Synthetic training devices shall be qualified according to requirements established by the ECAA and their use shall be specified on Training Specifications approved by the ECAA Licensing to ensure that they are appropriate to the task.
- (c) Training aids and equipment. Each training aid, including any audiovisual aid, projector, tape recorder, mockup, chart, or aircraft component listed in the approved training course outline, must be accurate and appropriate to the course for which it is used.

141.43 Pilot briefing areas.

- (a) An applicant for a pilot school certificate or provisional pilot school certificate must show that the applicant has continuous use of a briefing area located at each airport at which training flights originate that is:
 - (1) Adequate to shelter students waiting to engage in their training flights;
 - (2) Arranged and equipped for the conduct of pilot briefings; and

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- (3) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, for a school with an instrument rating or commercial pilot course, equipped with private landline or telephone communication to the nearest ECAA Aeronautical Information Service (AIS).
 - (b) A briefing area required by paragraph (a) of this section may not be used by the applicant if it is available for use by any other pilot school during the period it is required for use by the applicant.
 - (c) The communication equipment required by paragraph (a)(3) of this section is not obligatory if the briefing area and the Aeronautical Information Service are located on the same airport, and are readily accessible to each other.

141.45 Ground training facilities.

An applicant for a pilot school or provisional pilot school certificate must show that:

- (a) Each room, training booth, or other space used for instructional purposes is heated, lighted, and ventilated to conform to local building, sanitation, and health codes; and
- (b) The training facility is so located that the students in that facility are not distracted by the training conducted in other rooms, or by flight and maintenance operations on the airport.
- (c) The facilities and working environment shall be appropriate for the task to be performed and be acceptable to the ECAA Licensing Authority

Subpart C
Training Course Outline and Curriculum

141.51 Applicability.

This subpart prescribes the curriculum and course outline requirements for the issuance of a pilot school certificate or provisional pilot school certificate and ratings.

141.53 Approval procedures for a training course: General.

(a) General:

An applicant for a pilot school certificate or provisional pilot school certificate must obtain the ECAA's approval of the outline of each training course for which certification and rating is sought.

(b) Application;

- (1) An application for the approval of an initial or amended training course must be submitted in duplicate to the ECAA.
- (2) An application for the approval of an initial or amended training course must be submitted at least 30 days before any training under that course, or any amendment thereto, is scheduled to begin.
- (3) An application for amending a training course must be accompanied by two copies of the amendment.

(c) Training courses ;

- (1) An applicant for a pilot school certificate or provisional pilot school certificate may request approval of the training courses specified in Section 141.11(b) of this part.

141.55 Training course: Contents.

- (a) Each training course for which approval is requested must meet the minimum curriculum requirements in accordance with the appropriate appendix of this part.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, each training course for which approval is requested must meet the minimum ground and flight training time requirements in accordance with the appropriate appendix of this part.
- (c) Each training course for which approval is requested must contain:
 - (1) A description of each room used for ground training, including the room's size and the maximum number of students that may be trained in the room at one time;
 - (2) A description of each type of audiovisual aid, projector, tape recorder, mockup, chart, aircraft component, and other special training aids used for ground training;
 - (3) A description of each flight simulator or flight training device used for training;
 - (4) A listing of the airports at which training flights originate and a description of the facilities, including pilot briefing areas that are available for use by the school's students and personnel at each of those airports;
 - (5) A description of the type of aircraft including any special equipment used for each phase of training;
 - (6) The minimum qualifications and ratings for each instructor assigned to ground or flight training; and
 - (7) A training syllabus that includes the following information:
 - (i) The prerequisites for enrolling in the ground and flight portion of the course that include the pilot license and rating (if required by this part), training, pilot experience, and pilot knowledge;
 - (ii) A detailed description of each lesson, including the lesson's objectives, standards, and planned time for completion;
 - (iii) A description of what the course is expected to accomplish with regard to student learning;
 - (iv) The expected accomplishments and the standards for each stage of training; and
 - (v) A description of the checks and tests to be used to measure a student's accomplishments for each stage of training.
- (d) A pilot school may request and receive initial approval for a period of not more than 24 calendar months for any of the training courses of this part without specifying

the minimum ground and flight training time requirements of this part, provided the following provisions are met:

- (1) The school holds a pilot school certificate issued under this part and has held that certificate for a period of at least 24 consecutive calendar months preceding the month of the request;
 - (2) In addition to the information required by paragraph (c) of this section, the training course specifies planned ground and flight training time requirements for the course;
 - (3) The school does not request the training course to be approved for examining authority, nor may that school hold examining authority for that course; and
 - (4) The practical test or knowledge test for the course is to be given by:
 - (i) An ECAA inspector; or
 - (ii) An examiner who is not an employee of the school.
- (e) A certificated pilot school may request and receive final approval for any of the training courses of this part without specifying the minimum ground and flight training time requirements of this part, provided the following conditions are met:
- (1) The school has held initial approval for that training course for at least 24 calendar months.
 - (2) The school has:
 - (i) Trained at least 10 students in that training course within the preceding 24 calendar months and recommended those students for a pilot license, or a rating; and
 - (ii) At least 80 percent of those students passed the practical or knowledge test, or any combination thereof, on the first attempt, and that test was given by:
 - (A) An ECAA inspector; or
 - (B) An examiner who is not an employee of the school.
 - (3) In addition to the information required by paragraph (c) of this section, the training course specifies planned ground and flight training time requirements for the course.
 - (4) The school does not request that the training course be approved for examining authority nor may that school hold examining authority for that course.

141.57 Special curricula.

An applicant for a pilot school certificate or provisional pilot school certificate may apply for approval to conduct a special course of airman training for which a curriculum is not prescribed in the appendixes of this part, if the applicant shows that the training course contains features that could achieve a level of pilot proficiency equivalent to that achieved by a training course prescribed in the appendixes of this part or the requirements of Part 61 of the ECARs.

Subpart D
Examining Authority

141.61 Applicability.

This subpart prescribes the requirements for the issuance of examining authority to the holder of a pilot school certificate, and the privileges and limitations of that examining authority.

141.63 Examining authority qualification requirements.

- (a) A pilot school must meet the following prerequisites to receive initial approval for examining authority:
- (1) The school must complete the application for examining authority on a form and in a manner prescribed by the ECAA;
 - (2) The school must hold a pilot school certificate and training specifications issued under this part;
 - (3) The school must have held the rating in which examining authority is sought for at least 24 consecutive calendar months preceding the month of application for examining authority;
 - (4) The training course for which examining authority is requested may not be a course that is approved without meeting the minimum ground and flight training time requirements of this part; and ;
 - (5) Within 24 calendar months before the date of application for examining authority, that school must meet the following requirements:
 - (i) The school must have trained at least 10 students in the training course for which examining authority is sought and recommended those students for a pilot, flight instructor, or ground instructor license or rating; and
 - (ii) At least 90 percent of those students passed the required practical or knowledge test, or any combination thereof, for the pilot, flight instructor, or ground instructor license or rating on the first attempt, and that test was given by:
 - (A) An ECAA inspector; or
 - (B) An examiner who is not an employee of the school.
- (b) A pilot school must meet the following requirements to retain approval of its examining authority:
- (1) The school must complete the application for renewal of its examining authority on a form and in a manner prescribed by the ECAA;
 - (2) The school must hold a pilot school certificate and rating issued under this part;
 - (3) The school must have held the rating for which continued examining authority is sought for at least 24 calendar months preceding the month of application for renewal of its examining authority; and
 - (4) The training course for which continued examining authority is requested may not be a course that is approved without meeting the minimum ground and flight training time requirements of this part.

141.65 Privileges.

A pilot school that holds examining authority may recommend a person who graduated from its course for the appropriate pilot, flight instructor, or ground instructor license or rating without taking the ECAA knowledge test or practical test in accordance with the provisions of this subpart.

141.67 Limitations and reports.

A pilot school that holds examining authority may only recommend the issuance of a pilot, flight instructor, or ground instructor license and rating to a person who does not take an ECAA knowledge test or practical test, if the recommendation for the issuance of that certificate or rating is in accordance with the following requirements:

- (a) The person graduated from a training course for which the pilot school holds examining authority.
- (b) Except as provided in this paragraph, the person satisfactorily completed all the curriculum requirements of that pilot school's approved training course. A person who transfers from one Part 141 approved pilot school to another Part 141

approved pilot school may receive credit for that previous training, provided the following requirements are met:

- (1) The maximum credited training time does not exceed one-half of the receiving school's curriculum requirements;
 - (2) The person completes a knowledge and proficiency test conducted by the receiving school for the purpose of determining the amount of pilot experience and knowledge to be credited;
 - (3) The receiving school determines (based on the person's performance on the knowledge and proficiency test required by paragraph (b)(2) of this section) the amount of credit to be awarded, and records that credit in the person's training record;
 - (4) The person who requests credit for previous pilot experience and knowledge obtained the experience and knowledge from another Part 141 approved pilot school and training course; and
 - (5) The receiving school retains a copy of the person's training record from the previous school.
- (c) Tests given by a pilot school that holds examining authority must be approved by the ECAA and be at least equal in scope, depth, and difficulty to the comparable knowledge and practical tests prescribed by the ECAA under Part 61 of this ECAR'S.
- (d) A pilot school that holds examining authority may not use its knowledge or practical tests if the school:
- (1) Knows, or has reason to believe, the test has been compromised; or
 - (2) Is notified by the ECAA that there is reason to believe or it is known that the test has been compromised.
- (e) A pilot school that holds examining authority must maintain a record of all temporary airman license it issues, which consist of the following information:
- (1) A chronological listing that includes:
 - (i) The date the temporary airman certificate was issued;
 - (ii) The student to whom the temporary airman license was issued, and that student's permanent mailing address and telephone number;
 - (iii) The training course from which the student graduated;
 - (iv) The name of person who conducted the knowledge or practical test;
 - (v) The type of temporary airman license or rating issued to the student; and
 - (vi) The date the student's airman application file was sent to the ECAA for processing for a permanent airman license.
 - (2) A copy of the record containing each student's graduation certificate, airman application, temporary airman license, superseded airman license (if applicable), and knowledge test or practical test results; and
 - (3) The records required by paragraph (e) of this section must be retained for 1 year and made available to the ECAA upon request. These records must be surrendered to the ECAA when the pilot school ceases to have examining authority.
- (f) Except for pilot schools that have an airman license representative, when a student passes the knowledge test or practical test, the pilot school that holds examining authority must submit that student's airman application file and training record to the ECAA for processing for the issuance of a permanent airman license.

Subpart E
Operating Rules

141.71 Applicability.

This subpart prescribes the operating rules applicable to a pilot school or provisional pilot school certificated under the provisions of this part.

141.73 Privileges.

- (a) The holder of a pilot school certificate or a provisional pilot school certificate may advertise and conduct approved pilot training courses in accordance with the certificate and any training specifications it holds.
- (b) A pilot school that holds examining authority for an approved training course may recommend a graduate of that course for the issuance of an appropriate pilot, flight instructor, or ground instructor license and rating, without taking an ECAA knowledge test or practical test, provided the training course has been approved and meets the minimum ground and flight training time requirements of this part.

141.75 Aircraft requirements.

The following items must be carried on each aircraft used for flight training and solo flights:

- (a) A pre takeoff and pre landing checklist; and
- (b) The operator's handbook for the aircraft, if one is furnished by the manufacturer, or copies of the handbook if furnished to each student using the aircraft.

141.77 Limitations.

- (a) The holder of a pilot school certificate or a provisional pilot school certificate may not issue a graduation certificate to a student, or recommend a student for a pilot license or rating, unless the student has:
 - (1) Completed the training specified in the pilot school's course of training; and
 - (2) Passed the required final tests.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, the holder of a pilot school certificate or a provisional pilot school certificate may not graduate a student from a course of training unless the student has completed all of the curriculum requirements of that course;
- (c) A student may be given credit towards the curriculum requirements of a course for previous pilot experience and knowledge, provided the following conditions are met:
 - (1) If the credit is based upon a Part 141-approved training course, the credit given that student for the previous pilot experience and knowledge may be 50 percent of the curriculum requirements and must be based upon a proficiency test or knowledge test, or both, conducted by the receiving pilot school;
 - (2) If the credit is not based upon a Part 141-approved training course, the credit given that student for the previous pilot experience and knowledge shall not exceed more than 25 percent of the curriculum requirements and must be based upon a proficiency test or knowledge test, or both, conducted by the receiving pilot school;
 - (3) The receiving school determines the amount of course credit to be transferred under paragraph (c)(1) or paragraph (c)(2) of this section, based on a proficiency test or knowledge test, or both, of the student; and
 - (4) Credit for training specified in paragraph (c)(1) or paragraph (c)(2) of this section may be given only if the previous provider of the training has certified in writing, or other form acceptable to the ECAA as to the kind and amount of training provided, and the result of each stage check and end-of-course test, if applicable, given to the student.

141.79 Flight training.

- (a) No person other than a licensed flight instructor or commercial pilot with a lighter-than-air rating who has the ratings and the minimum qualifications specified in the approved training course outline may give a student flight training under an approved course of training.

- (b) No student pilot may be authorized to start a solo practice flight from an airport until the flight has been approved by a licensed flight instructor or commercial pilot with a lighter-than-air rating who is present at that airport.
- (c) Each chief instructor and assistant chief instructor assigned to a training course must complete, at least once every 12 calendar months, an approved syllabus of training consisting of ground or flight training, or both, or an approved flight instructor refresher course.
- (d) Each rated flight instructor or commercial pilot with a lighter-than-air rating who is assigned to a flight training course must satisfactorily complete the following tasks, which must be administered by the school's chief instructor, assistant chief instructor, or flight standards instructor:
 - (1) Prior to receiving authorization to train students in a flight training course, must;
 - (i) Accomplish a review of and receive a briefing on the objectives and standards of that training course; and
 - (ii) Accomplish an initial proficiency check in each make and model of aircraft used in that training course in which that person provides training; and
 - (2) Every 12 calendar months after the month in which the person last complied with the requirements of paragraph (d)(1)(ii) of this section, accomplish a recurrent proficiency check in one of the aircraft in which the person trains students.

141.81 Ground training.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, each instructor who is assigned to a ground training course must hold a flight instructor license, ground instructor license, or a commercial pilot license with a lighter-than-air rating, with the appropriate rating for that course of training.
- (b) A person who does not meet the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section may be assigned ground training duties in a ground training course, if:
 - (1) The chief instructor who is assigned to that ground training course finds the person qualified to give that training; and
 - (2) The training is given while under the supervision of the chief instructor or the assistant chief instructor who is present at the facility when the training is given.
- (c) An instructor may not be used in a ground training course until that instructor has been briefed on the objectives and standards of that course by the chief instructor, assistant chief instructor, or flight standards instructor.

141.83 Quality of training.

- (a) Each pilot school or provisional pilot school must meet the following requirements:
 - (1) Comply with its approved training course; and
 - (2) Provide training of such quality that meets the requirements of Section 141.5(d) of this part.
- (b) The failure of a pilot school or provisional pilot school to maintain the quality of training specified in paragraph (a) of this section may be the basis for suspending or revoking that school's certificate.
- (c) When requested by the ECAA, a pilot school or provisional pilot school must allow the ECAA to administer any knowledge test, practical test, stage check, or end-of-course test to its students.
- (d) When a stage check or end-of-course test is administered by the ECAA under the provisions of paragraph (c) of this section, and the student has not completed the training course, then that test will be based on the standards prescribed in the school's approved training course.
- (e) When a practical test or knowledge test is administered by the ECAA under the provisions of paragraph (c) of this section, to a student who has completed the school's training course, that test will be based upon the areas of operation approved by the ECAA.

141.85 Chief instructor responsibilities.

- (a) Each person designated as a chief instructor for a pilot school or provisional pilot school shall be responsible for:

- (1) Certifying each student's training record, graduation certificate, stage check and end-of-course test report, recommendation for course completion, and application;
 - (2) Ensuring that each rated flight instructor, licensed ground instructor, or commercial pilot with a lighter-than-air rating passes an initial proficiency check prior to that instructor being assigned instructing duties in the school's approved training course, and thereafter that the instructor passes a recurrent proficiency check every 12 calendar months after the month in which the initial test was accomplished;
 - (3) Ensuring that each student accomplishes the required stage checks and end-of-course tests in accordance with the school's approved training course; and
 - (4) Maintaining training techniques, procedures, and standards for the school that is acceptable to the ECAA.
- (b) The chief instructor or an assistant chief instructor must be available at the pilot school or, if away from the pilot school, be available by telephone, radio, or other electronic means during the time that training is given for an approved training course.
- (c) The chief instructor may delegate authority for conducting stage checks, end-of-course tests, and flight instructor proficiency checks to the assistant chief instructor or flight standards instructor.

141.87 Change of chief instructor.

Whenever a pilot school or provisional pilot school makes a change of designation of its chief instructor, that school:

- (a) Must immediately provide the ECAA that has jurisdiction over the area in which the school is located with written notification of the change;
- (b) May conduct training without a chief instructor for that training course for a period not to exceed 60 days while awaiting the designation and approval of another chief instructor;
- (c) May, for a period not to exceed 60 days, have the stage checks and end-of-course tests administered by:
 - (1) The training course's assistant chief instructor, if one has been designated;
 - (2) The training course's or flight standards instructor, if one has been designated;
 - (3) An ECAA inspector; or
 - (4) An examiner.
- (d) Must, after 60 days without a chief instructor, cease operations and surrender its certificate to the ECAA; and
- (e) May have its certificate reinstated, upon:
 - (1) Designating and approving another chief instructor;
 - (2) Showing it meets the requirements of Section 141.27(a)(2) of this part; and
 - (3) Applying for reinstatement on a form and in a manner prescribed by the ECAA.

141.89 Maintenance of personnel, facilities, and equipment.

The holder of a pilot school certificate or provisional pilot school certificate may not provide training to a student who is enrolled in an approved course of training unless:

- (a) Each airport, aircraft, and facility necessary for that training meets the standards specified in the holder's approved training course outline and the appropriate requirements of this part; and
- (b) Except as provided in Section 141.87 of this part, each chief instructor, assistant chief instructor, or flight standards instructor, or instructor meets the qualifications specified in the holder's approved course of training and the appropriate requirements of this part and The pilot school shall maintain a system for recording the qualifications and training of instructional and examining staff.
- (c) The records required by Section 141.89 (b) shall be retained for minimum period of two years after the instructor or examiner ceases to perform functions for the pilot school.

141.91 Satellite bases.

The holder of a pilot school certificate or provisional pilot school certificate may conduct ground training or flight training in an approved course of training at a base other than its main operations base if:

- (a) An assistant chief instructor is designated for each satellite base, and that assistant chief instructor is available at that base or, if away from the premises, by telephone, radio, or other electronic means during the time that training is provided for an approved training course;
- (b) The airport, facilities, and personnel used at the satellite base meet the appropriate requirements of subpart B of this part and its approved training course outline;
- (c) The instructors are under the direct supervision of the chief instructor or assistant chief instructor for the appropriate training course, who is readily available for consultation in accordance with Section 141.85(b) of this part; and
- (d) The ECAA having jurisdiction over the area in which the school is located is notified in writing if training is conducted at a base other than the school's main operations base for more than 7 consecutive days.

141.93 Enrollment.

- (a) The holder of a pilot school certificate or a provisional pilot school certificate must, at the time a student is enrolled in an approved training course, furnish that student with a copy of the following:
 - (1) A certificate of enrollment containing:
 - (i) The name of the course in which the student is enrolled; and
 - (ii) The date of that enrollment.
 - (2) A copy of the student's training syllabus.
 - (3) A copy of the safety procedures and practices developed by the school that describe the use of the school's facilities and the operation of its aircraft. Those procedures and practices shall include training on at least the following information:
 - (i) The weather minimums required by the school for dual and solo flights;
 - (ii) The procedures for starting and taxiing aircraft on the ramp;
 - (iii) Fire precautions and procedures;
 - (iv) Redispach procedures after unprogrammed landings, on and off airports;
 - (v) Aircraft discrepancies and approval for return-to-service determinations;
 - (vi) Securing of aircraft when not in use;
 - (vii) Fuel reserves necessary for local and cross-country flights;
 - (viii) Avoidance of other aircraft in flight and on the ground;
 - (ix) Minimum altitude limitations and simulated emergency landing instructions; and
 - (x) A description of and instructions regarding the use of assigned practice areas.
- (b) The holder of a pilot school certificate or provisional pilot school certificate must maintain a monthly listing of persons enrolled in each training course offered by the school.

141.95 Graduation certificate.

- (a) The holder of a pilot school certificate or provisional pilot school certificate must issue a graduation certificate to each student who completes its approved course of training.
- (b) The graduation certificate must be issued to the student upon completion of the course of training and contain at least the following information:
 - (1) The name of the school and the certificate number of the school;
 - (2) The name of the graduate to whom it was issued;
 - (3) The course of training for which it was issued;
 - (4) The date of graduation;
 - (5) A statement that the student has satisfactorily completed each required stage of the approved course of training including the tests for those stages;
 - (6) A certification of the information contained on the graduation certificate by the chief instructor for that course of training; and
 - (7) A statement showing the cross-country training that the student received in the course of training.

Subpart F
Records

141.101 Training records.

- (a) The pilot school shall retain detailed student records to show that all requirements of the training course (s) have been met as agreed by the ECAA Licensing Authority.
- (b) Each holder of a pilot school certificate or provisional pilot school certificate must establish and maintain a current and accurate record of the participation of each student enrolled in an approved course of training conducted by the school that includes the following information:
 - (1) The date the student was enrolled in the approved course;
 - (2) A chronological log of the student's course attendance, subjects, and flight operations covered in the student's training, and the names and grades of any tests taken by the student; and
 - (3) The date the student graduated, terminated training, or transferred to another school.
- (c) The records required to be maintained in a student's logbook will not suffice for the record required by paragraph (a) of this section.
- (d) Whenever a student graduates, terminates training, or transfers to another school, the student's record must be certified to that effect by the chief instructor.
- (e) The holder of a pilot school certificate or a provisional pilot school certificate must retain each student record required by this section for at least 2 year from the date that the student:
 - (1) Graduates from the course to which the record pertains;
 - (2) Terminates enrollment in the course to which the record pertains; or
 - (3) Transfers to another school.
- (f) The holder of a pilot school certificate or a provisional pilot school certificate must make a copy of the student's training record available upon request by the student.

Subpart G
Approved Training Organizations – Pilot Schools**141.102 Applicability:**

- (a) This subpart prescribes the qualifications required for the issue of personnel licenses can be more readily and speedily acquired by applicants who undergo closely supervised, systematic and continuous courses of training, conforming to a planned syllabus or curriculum. Provision has accordingly been made for some reduction in the experience requirements for the issue of certain licenses and ratings prescribed in this part, in respect of an applicant who has satisfactorily completed a course of approved training.
- (b) General:
- 1- Approved training shall provide a level of competency at least equal to that provided by the minimum experience requirements for personnel not receiving such approved training.
 - 2- The approval of a training organization by ECAA shall be dependent upon the applicant demonstrating compliance with the requirements of this part and the relevant provisions contained in ECAR 19.
- Note 1.— ECAR 19 includes safety management provisions for an approved training organization that is exposed to safety risks related to aircraft operations during the provision of its services. Further guidance is contained in the Safety Management Manual (SMM) (Doc 9859).
- Note 2.— Guidance on approval of a training organization can be found in EAC141.
- 3- Approved training for flight crew shall be conducted within an approved training organization-aviation training centers.
- Note 3.— The approved training considered in (b)(3)above relates primarily to approved training for the issuance of ECAR 61 license or rating. It is not intended to include approved training for the maintenance of competence or for an operational qualification after the initial issuance of a license or rating, as may be required for flight crew, such as the approved training under ECAR 121 Air carriers and Air Taxi.

141.103 Issue of approval

- (a) The issuance of an approval for a pilot school certificate and training specifications including the continued validity of the approval shall depend upon the pilot school being in compliance with the requirements of this Part.
- (b) The pilot school certificate shall contain at least the following:
- (1)The organization's name and location
 - (2)The date of issue and period of validity;
 - (3)The terms of approval stipulated in training specifications.

141.105 Training and Procedures Manual

- (a) The pilot school shall provide a Training and Procedures Manual for the use and guidance of personnel concerned. This manual may be issued in separate parts and shall contain at least the following information:
- (1) A general description of the scope of training authorized under the organization's pilot school certificate and training specifications;
 - (2) The content of the training programs offered including the courseware and equipment to be used;
 - (3) A description of the pilot school quality assurance.
 - (4) A description of the pilot school facilities;
 - (5) The name, duties and qualifications of the person designated as responsible for compliance with the requirements of the approval.
 - (6) A description of the duties and qualifications of personnel designated as responsible for planning, performing and supervising the training.
 - (7) A description of the procedures used to establish and maintain the competence of instructional personnel.
 - (8) A description of the method used for the completion and retention of the training records required by 141.101.

- (9) A description, when applicable, of additional training needed to comply with a license holder's procedures and requirements; and
- (10) For those pilot schools approved under Subpart D for examining authority, a description of the selection, role and duties of the authorized personnel.

141.107 Amendments to the Training and Procedures Manual.

- (a) The pilot school shall ensure that the training and procedures manual is amended as necessary to keep the information contained therein up to date.
- (b) Copies of all amendments to the training and procedures manual shall be furnished promptly to all organizations or persons to whom the manual has been issued.

141.109 Quality Assurance System

- (a) The pilot school shall establish a quality assurance system, acceptable to the ECAA Licensing Authority granting the approval, which ensures that training and instructional practices comply with all relevant requirements.
- (b) The pilot school shall establish, maintain and adhere to the safety management system acceptable to the ECAA licensing authority granting the approval, which ensures that training and instructional practices comply with all relevant requirements in accordance with EAC 00-11.
- (c) The results of systems and related audits and corrective actions shall be made available to the ECAA upon request

141.110 Safety Management System

A service provider / operator who is certified under this part, shall show a complete compliance with ECARs, Part 19, by establishing a safety management system that is acceptable to the ECAA, maintaining it, and completing its implementation as per the chronology mentioned in this regulation.

141. 111 Evaluation and Checking

- (a) When a pilot school is authorized to conduct testing required for the issuance of an Egyptian pilot license, flight instructor license or additional rating, the testing shall be conducted by personnel authorized by the ECAA Licensing Authority.
- (b) The testing authorization shall be documented on the pilot school's approved training specifications and shall include:
 - (1) The name of the designated pilot examiner;
 - (2) The name of the pilot school where the examiner is authorized to conduct testing;
 - (3) The privileges and limitations of the pilot examiner's testing authority;
 - (4) The expiration date of the pilot examiners testing authority.

Subpart H
Drug and Alcohol Testing Programs

141.113 Testing for prohibited drugs

- (a) Each certificate holder shall test each of its employees who perform a function listed in Appendix I to Part 121 in accordance with that appendix.
- (b) No certificate holder may use any contractor to perform a function listed in Appendix I to Part 121 unless that contractor tests each employee performing such a function for the certificate holder in accordance with that appendix.
- (c) Each certificate holder shall submit a drug testing program plan to the ECAA (specifying the procedures for all testing required by appendix I) not later than January 1, 2002. Each certificate holder shall implement its program not later than 30 days after approval of the program by the ECAA. In any case the final implementation date of this program shall not be later than March 1, 2002.
- (d) Starting from September 1, 2001, ECAA may conduct random drug testing checks.

141.115 Misuse of alcohol.

- (a) General. This section applies to employees who perform a function listed in appendix J to Part 121 for a certificate holder (covered employees). For the purpose of this section, a person who meets the definition of covered employee in appendix J is considered to be performing the function for the certificate holder.
- (b) Alcohol concentration. No covered employee shall report for duty or remain on duty requiring the performance of safety-sensitive functions while having an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or greater. No certificate holder having actual knowledge that an employee has an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or greater shall permit the employee to perform or continue to perform safety-sensitive functions.
- (c) On-duty use. No covered employee shall use alcohol while performing safety-sensitive functions. No certificate holder having actual knowledge that a covered employee is using alcohol while performing safety-sensitive functions shall permit the employee to perform or continue to perform safety-sensitive functions.
- (d) Pre-duty use:
 - (1) No covered employee shall perform training duties within 8 hours after using alcohol. No certificate holder having actual knowledge that such an employee has used alcohol within 8 hours shall permit the employee to perform or continue to perform the specified duties.
 - (2) No covered employee shall perform safety-sensitive duties other than those specified in paragraph (d) (1) of this section within 4 hours after using alcohol. No certificate holder having actual knowledge that such an employee has used alcohol within 4 hours shall permit the employee to perform or continue to perform safety-sensitive functions.
- (e) Use following an accident. No covered employee who has actual knowledge of an accident involving an aircraft for which he or she performed a safety-sensitive function at or near the time of the accident shall use alcohol for 8 hours following the accident, unless he or she has been given a post-accident test under appendix J to Part 121, or the employer has determined that the employee's performance could not have contributed to the accident.
- (f) Refusal to submit to a required alcohol test. No covered employee shall refuse to submit to a post-accident, random, reasonable suspicion, or follow-up alcohol test required under appendix J to Part 121. No certificate holder shall permit an employee who refuses to submit to such a test to perform or continue to perform safety-sensitive functions.

141.117 Testing for alcohol

- (a) Each certificate holder must establish an alcohol misuse prevention program in accordance with the provisions of appendix J to Part 121.
- (b) No certificate holder shall use any person who meets the definition of covered employee in appendix J to Part 121 to perform a safety-sensitive function listed in that appendix unless such person is subject to testing for alcohol misuse in accordance with the provisions of appendix J.
- (c) Each certificate holder shall submit an alcohol misuse prevention program plan to the ECAA (specifying the procedures for all testing required by appendix J) not

later than January 1, 2002. Each certificate holder shall implement its program not later than 30 days after approval of the program by the ECAA. In any case the final implementation date of this program shall not be later than March 1, 2002.

- (d) Starting from September 1, 2001, ECAA may conduct random alcoholic testing

Appendix A
Private Pilot Licensing Course

1. Applicability

This appendix prescribes the minimum curriculum for a private pilot licensing course required under this part, for the following ratings:

- (a) Airplane single-engine.
- (b) Airplane multiengine.
- (c) Rotorcraft helicopter.
- (d) Rotorcraft gyroplane.
- (e) Powered-lift.
- (f) Glider.
- (g) Lighter-than-air airship.
- (h) Lighter-than-air balloon.

2. Eligibility for enrollment

A person must hold a student pilot license prior to enrolling in the flight portion of the private pilot licensing course.

3. Aeronautical knowledge training

- (a) Each approved course must include at least the following ground training on the aeronautical knowledge areas listed in paragraph (b) of this section, appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating:
 - (1) 35 hours of training if the course is for an airplane, rotorcraft, or powered-lift category rating.
 - (2) 15 hours of training if the course is for a glider category rating.
 - (3) 10 hours of training if the course is for a lighter-than-air category with a balloon class rating.
 - (4) 35 hours of training if the course is for a lighter-than-air category with an airship class rating.
- (b) Ground training must include the following aeronautical knowledge areas:
 - (1) Applicable Egyptian Civil Aviation Regulations for private pilot privileges, limitations, and flight operations;
 - (2) Accident reporting requirements of the MCA Central Administration for Aviation Accidents;
 - (3) Applicable subjects of the "ECAR/AIP Manual" and the appropriate ECAA advisory circulars;
 - (4) Aeronautical charts for VFR navigation using pilot age, dead reckoning, and navigation systems;
 - (5) Radio communication procedures;
 - (6) Recognition of critical weather situations from the ground and in flight, windshear avoidance, and the procurement and use of aeronautical weather reports and forecasts;
 - (7) Safe and efficient operation of aircraft, including collision avoidance, and recognition and avoidance of wake turbulence;
 - (8) Effects of density altitude on takeoff and climb performance;
 - (9) Weight and balance computations;
 - (10) Principles of aerodynamics, power plants, and aircraft systems;
 - (11) If the course of training is for an airplane category or glider category rating, stall awareness, spin entry, spins, and spin recovery techniques;
 - (12) Aeronautical decision making and judgment; and
 - (13) Preflight action that includes -
 - (i) How to obtain information on runway lengths at airports of intended use, data on takeoff and landing distances, weather reports and forecasts, and fuel requirements; and
 - (ii) How to plan for alternatives if the planned flight cannot be completed or delays are encountered.

4. Flight training.

- (a) Each approved course must include at least the following flight training, as provided in this section and new section No. 5 of this appendix, on the approved

areas of operation listed in paragraph (d) of this section, appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating:

- (1) 35 hours of training if the course is for an airplane, rotorcraft, powered-lift, or airship rating.
 - (2) 6 hours of training if the course is for a glider rating.
 - (3) 8 hours of training if the course is for a balloon rating.
- (b) Each approved course must include at least the following flight training:
- (1) For an airplane single-engine course: 20 hours of flight training from a certificated flight instructor on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(1) of this section that includes at least -
 - (i) Except as provided in section 61.111 of the ECAR, 3 hours of cross-country flight training in a single-engine airplane;
 - (ii) 3 hours of night flight training in a single-engine airplane that includes :
 - (A) One cross-country flight of more than 100-nautical-miles total distance; and
 - (B) 10 takeoffs and 10 landings to a full stop (with each landing involving a flight in the traffic pattern) at an airport.
 - (iii) 3 hours of instrument training in a single-engine airplane; and
 - (iv) 3 hours of flight training in a single-engine airplane in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
 - (3) For an airplane multiengine course: 20 hours of flight training from a certificated flight instructor on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(2) of this section that includes at least :
 - (i) Except as provided in section 61.111 of the ECAR, 3 hours of cross-country flight training in a multiengine airplane;
 - (ii) 3 hours of night flight training in a multiengine airplane that includes -
 - (A) One cross-country flight of more than 100-nautical-miles total distance; and
 - (B) 10 takeoffs and 10 landings to a full stop (with each landing involving a flight in the traffic pattern) at an airport.
 - (v) 3 hours of instrument training in a multiengine airplane; and
 - (vi) 3 hours of flight training in a multiengine airplane in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
 - (4) For a rotorcraft helicopter course: 20 hours of flight training from a certificated flight instructor on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(3) of this section that includes at least -
 - (i) Except as provided in section 61.111 of the ECAR, 3 hours of cross-country flight training in a helicopter.
 - (ii) 3 hours of night flight training in a helicopter that includes :
 - (A) One cross-country flight of more than 50-nautical-miles total distance; and
 - (B) 10 takeoffs and 10 landings to a full stop (with each landing involving a flight in the traffic pattern) at an airport.
 - (iii) 3 hours of flight training in a helicopter in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
 - (4) For a rotorcraft gyroplane course: 20 hours of flight training from a certificated flight instructor on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(4) of this section that includes at least :
 - (i) Except as provided in section 61.111 of the ECAR, 3 hours of cross-country flight training in a gyroplane.
 - (ii) 3 hours of night flight training in a gyroplane that includes :
 - (A) One cross-country flight over 50-nautical-miles total distance; and
 - (B) 10 takeoffs and 10 landings to a full stop (with each landing involving a flight in the traffic pattern) at an airport.
 - (iii) 3 hours of flight training in a gyroplane in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
 - (5) For a powered-lift course: 20 hours of flight training from a certificated flight instructor on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(5) of this section that includes at least :
 - (i) Except as provided in section 61.111 of the ECAR, 3 hours of cross-country flight training in a powered-lift;

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- (ii) 3 hours of night flight training in a powered-lift that includes :
 - (A) One cross-country flight of more than 100-nautical-miles total distance; and
 - (B) 10 takeoffs and 10 landings to a full stop (with each landing involving a flight in the traffic pattern) at an airport.
 - (iii) 3 hours of instrument training in a powered-lift; and
 - (iv) 3 hours of flight training in a powered-lift in preparation for the practical test, within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
- (6) For a glider course: 4 hours of flight training from a certificated flight instructor on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(6) of this section that includes at least :
- (i) Five training flights in a glider with a certificated flight instructor on the launch/tow procedures approved for the course and on the appropriate approved areas of operation listed in paragraph (d)(6) of this section; and
 - (ii) Three training flights in a glider with a certificated flight instructor in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
- (7) For a lighter-than-air airship course: 20 hours of flight training from a commercial pilot with an airship rating on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(7) of this section that includes at least :
- (i) Except as provided in section 61.111 of the ECAR, 3 hours of cross-country flight training in an airship;
 - (ii) 3 hours of night flight training in an airship that includes :
 - (A) One cross-country flight over 25-nautical-miles total distance; and
 - (B) Five takeoffs and five landings to a full stop (with each landing involving a flight in the traffic pattern) at an airport.
 - (iii) 3 hours of instrument training in an airship; and
 - (iv) 3 hours of flight training in an airship in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
- (8) For a lighter-than-air balloon course: 8 hours of flight training, including at least five training flights, from a commercial pilot with a balloon rating on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(8) of this section, that includes :
- (i) If the training is being performed in a gas balloon :
 - (A) Two flights of 1 hour each;
 - (B) One flight involving a controlled ascent to 3,000 feet above the launch site; and
 - (C) Two flights in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
 - (ii) If the training is being performed in a balloon with an airborne heater :
 - (A) Two flights of 30 minutes each;
 - (B) One flight involving a controlled ascent to 2,000 feet above the launch site; and
 - (C) Two flights in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
- (c) For use of flight simulators or flight training devices:
- (1) The course may include training in a flight simulator or flight training device, provided it is representative of the aircraft for which the course is approved, meets the requirements of this paragraph, and the training is given by an authorized instructor.
 - (2) Training in a flight simulator that meets the requirements of section 141.41(a) of this part may be credited for a maximum of 20 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
 - (3) Training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of section 141.41(b) of this part may be credited for a maximum of 15 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
 - (4) Training in flight simulators or flight training devices described in paragraphs (c)(2) and (c)(3) of this section, if used in combination, may be credited for a maximum of 20 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less. However, credit for

training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of section 141.41(b) cannot exceed the limitation provided for in paragraph (c)(3) of this section.

- (d) Each approved course must include the flight training on the approved areas of operation listed in this paragraph that are appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating :
- (1) For a single-engine airplane course:
 - (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Airport and seaplane base operations;
 - (iv) Takeoffs, landings, and go-a rounds;
 - (v) Performance maneuvers;
 - (vi) Ground reference maneuvers;
 - (vii) Navigation;
 - (viii) Slow flight and stalls;
 - (ix) Basic instrument maneuvers;
 - (x) Emergency operations;
 - (xi) Night operations, and
 - (xii) Post flight procedures.
 - (2) For a multiengine airplane course:
 - (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Airport and seaplane base operations;
 - (iv) Takeoffs, landings, and go-a rounds;
 - (v) Performance maneuvers;
 - (vi) Ground reference maneuvers;
 - (vii) Navigation;
 - (viii) Slow flight and stalls;
 - (ix) Basic instrument maneuvers;
 - (x) Emergency operations;
 - (xi) Multiengine operations;
 - (xii) Night operations; and
 - (xiii) Post flight procedures.
 - (3) For a rotorcraft helicopter course:
 - (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Airport and heliport operations;
 - (iv) Hovering maneuvers;
 - (v) Takeoffs, landings, and go-a rounds;
 - (vi) Performance maneuvers;
 - (vii) Navigation;
 - (viii) Emergency operations;
 - (ix) Night operations; and
 - (x) Post flight procedures.
 - (4) For a rotorcraft gyroplane course:
 - (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Airport operations;
 - (iv) Takeoffs, landings, and go-a rounds;
 - (v) Performance maneuvers;
 - (vi) Ground reference maneuvers;
 - (vii) Navigation;
 - (viii) Flight at slow airspeeds;
 - (ix) Emergency operations;
 - (x) Night operations; and
 - (xi) Post flight procedures.
 - (5) For a powered-lift course:
 - (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Airport and heliport operations;
 - (iv) Hovering maneuvers;

- (v) Takeoffs, landings, and go-arounds;
 - (vi) Performance maneuvers;
 - (vii) Ground reference maneuvers;
 - (viii) Navigation;
 - (ix) Slow flight and stalls;
 - (x) Basic instrument maneuvers;
 - (xi) Emergency operations;
 - (xii) Night operations; and
 - (xiii) Post flight procedures.
- (6) For a glider course:
- (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Airport and glider port operations;
 - (iv) Launches/tows, as appropriate, and landings;
 - (v) Performance speeds;
 - (vi) Soaring techniques;
 - (vii) Performance maneuvers;
 - (viii) Navigation;
 - (ix) Slow flight and stalls;
 - (x) Emergency operations; and
 - (xi) Post flight procedures.
- (7) For a lighter-than-air airship course:
- (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Airport operations;
 - (iv) Takeoffs, landings, and go-a rounds;
 - (v) Performance maneuvers;
 - (vi) Ground reference maneuvers;
 - (vii) Navigation;
 - (viii) Emergency operations; and
 - (ix) Post flight procedures.
- (8) For a lighter-than-air balloon course:
- (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Airport operations;
 - (iv) Launches and landings;
 - (v) Performance maneuvers;
 - (vi) Navigation;
 - (vii) Emergency operations; and
 - (viii) Post flight procedures.

5. Solo flight training.

Each approved course must include at least the following solo flight training:

- (a) For an airplane single-engine course: 5 hours of solo flight training in a single-engine airplane on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(1) of section No. 4 of this appendix that includes at least :
- (1) One solo cross-country flight of at least 100 nautical miles with landings at a minimum of three points, and one segment of the flight consisting of a straight-line distance of at least 50 nautical miles between the takeoff and landing locations; and
 - (2) Three takeoffs and three landings to a full stop (with each landing involving a flight in the traffic pattern) at an airport with an operating control tower.
- (b) For an airplane multiengine course: 5 hours of flight training in a multiengine airplane performing the duties of a pilot in command while under the supervision of a certificated flight instructor. The training must consist of the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(2) of section No. 4 of this appendix, and include at least:
- (1) One cross-country flight of at least 100 nautical miles with landings at a minimum of three points, and one segment of the flight consisting of a straight-line distance of at least 50 nautical miles between the takeoff and landing locations; and

- (2) Three takeoffs and three landings to a full stop (with each landing involving a flight in the traffic pattern) at an airport with an operating control tower.
- (c) For a rotorcraft helicopter course: 5 hours of solo flight training in a helicopter on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(3) of section No. 4 of this appendix that includes at least :
 - (1) One solo cross-country flight of more than 50 nautical miles with landings at a minimum of three points, and one segment of the flight consisting of a straight-line distance of at least 25 nautical miles between the takeoff and landing locations; and
 - (2) Three takeoffs and three landings to a full stop (with each landing involving a flight in the traffic pattern) at an airport with an operating control tower.
- (d) For a rotorcraft gyroplane course: 5 hours of solo flight training in gyroplanes on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(4) of section No. 4 of this appendix that includes at least :
 - (1) One solo cross-country flight of more than 50 nautical miles with landings at a minimum of three points, and one segment of the flight consisting of a straight-line distance of at least 25 nautical miles between the takeoff and landing locations; and
 - (2) Three takeoffs and three landings to a full stop (with each landing involving a flight in the traffic pattern) at an airport with an operating control tower.
- (e) For a powered-lift course: 5 hours of solo flight training in a powered-lift on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(5) of section No. 4 of this appendix that includes at least:
 - (1) One solo cross-country flight of at least 100 nautical miles with landings at a minimum of three points, and one segment of the flight consisting of a straight-line distance of at least 50 nautical miles between the takeoff and landing locations; and
 - (2) Three takeoffs and three landings to a full stop (with each landing involving a flight in the traffic pattern) at an airport with an operating control tower.
- (f) For a glider course: Two solo flights in a glider on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(6) of section No. 4 of this appendix, and the launch and tow procedures appropriate for the approved course.
- (g) For a lighter-than-air airship course: 5 hours of flight training in an airship performing the duties of pilot in command while under the supervision of a commercial pilot with an airship rating. The training must consist of the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(7) of section No. 4 of this appendix.
- (h) For a lighter-than-air balloon course: Two solo flights in a balloon with an airborne heater if the course involves a balloon with an airborne heater or, if the course involves a gas balloon, at least two flights in a gas balloon performing the duties of pilot in command while under the supervision of a commercial pilot with a balloon rating. The training must consist of the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(8) of section No. 4 of this appendix, in the kind of balloon for which the course applies.

6. Stage checks and end-of-course tests.

- (a) Each student enrolled in a private pilot course must satisfactorily accomplish the stage checks and end-of-course tests in accordance with the school's approved training course, consisting of the approved areas of operation listed in paragraph (d) of section No. 4 of this appendix that are appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies.
- (b) Each student must demonstrate satisfactory proficiency prior to receiving an endorsement to operate an aircraft in solo flight.

Appendix B

Instrument Rating Course

1. Applicability.

This appendix prescribes the minimum curriculum for an instrument rating course and an additional instrument rating course, required under this part, for the following ratings:

- (a) Instrument -- airplane.
- (b) Instrument -- helicopter.
- (c) Instrument -- powered-lift.

2. Eligibility for enrollment.

A person must hold at least a private pilot license with an aircraft category and class rating appropriate to the instrument rating for which the course applies prior to enrolling in the flight portion of the instrument rating course.

3. Aeronautical knowledge training.

- (a) Each approved course must include at least the following ground training on the aeronautical knowledge areas listed in paragraph (b) of this section appropriate to the instrument rating for which the course applies:
 - (1) 30 hours of training if the course is for an initial instrument rating.
 - (2) 20 hours of training if the course is for an additional instrument rating.
- (b) Ground training must include the following aeronautical knowledge areas:
 - (1) Applicable Egyptian Civil Aviation Regulations for IFR flight operations;
 - (2) Appropriate information in the "ECAR/AIP Manual";
 - (3) Air traffic control system and procedures for instrument flight operations;
 - (4) IFR navigation and approaches by use of navigation systems;
 - (5) Use of IFR en route and instrument approach procedure charts;
 - (6) Procurement and use of aviation weather reports and forecasts, and the elements of forecasting weather trends on the basis of that information and personal observation of weather conditions;
 - (7) Safe and efficient operation of aircraft under instrument flight rules and conditions;
 - (8) Recognition of critical weather situations and windshear avoidance;
 - (9) Aeronautical decision making and judgment; and
 - (10) Crew resource management, to include crew communication and coordination.

4. Flight training.

- (a) Each approved course must include at least the following flight training on the approved areas of operation listed in paragraph (d) of this section, appropriate to the instrument-aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies:
 - (1) 35 hours of instrument training if the course is for an initial instrument rating.
 - (2) 15 hours of instrument training if the course is for an additional instrument rating.
- (b) For the use of flight simulators or flight training devices :
 - (1) The course may include training in a flight simulator or flight training device, provided it is representative of the aircraft for which the course is approved, meets the requirements of this paragraph, and the training is given by an authorized instructor.
 - (2) Training in a flight simulator that meets the requirements of section 141.41(a) of this part may be credited for a maximum of 50 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
 - (3) Training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of section 141.41(b) of this part may be credited for a maximum of 40 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
 - (4) Training in flight simulators or flight training devices described in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section, if used in combination, may be credited for a maximum of 50 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less. However, credit for

training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of section 141.41(b) cannot exceed the limitation provided for in paragraph (b)(3) of this section.

- (c) Each approved course must include the following flight training :
- (1) For an instrument airplane course: Instrument training time from a certificated flight instructor with an instrument rating on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d) of this section including at least one cross-country flight that :
 - (i) Is in the category and class of airplane that the course is approved for, and is performed under IFR;
 - (ii) Is a distance of at least 250 nautical miles along airways or ATC-directed routing with one segment of the flight consisting of at least a straight-line distance of 100 nautical miles between airports;
 - (iii) Involves an instrument approach at each airport; and
 - (iv) Involves three different kinds of approaches with the use of navigation systems.
 - (2) For an instrument helicopter course: Instrument training time from a certificated flight instructor with an instrument rating on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d) of this section including at least one cross-country flight that :
 - (i) Is in a helicopter and is performed under IFR;
 - (ii) Is a distance of at least 100 nautical miles along airways or ATC-directed routing with one segment of the flight consisting of at least a straight-line distance of 50 nautical miles between airports;
 - (iii) Involves an instrument approach at each airport; and
 - (iv) Involves three different kinds of approaches with the use of navigation systems.
 - (3) For an instrument powered-lift course: Instrument training time from a certificated flight instructor with an instrument rating on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d) of this section including at least one cross-country flight that :
 - (i) Is in a powered-lift and is performed under IFR;
 - (ii) Is a distance of at least 250 nautical miles along airways or ATC-directed routing with one segment of the flight consisting of at least a straight-line distance of 100 nautical miles between airports;
 - (iii) Involves an instrument approach at each airport; and
 - (iv) Involves three different kinds of approaches with the use of navigation systems.
- (d) Each approved course must include the flight training on the approved areas of operation listed in this paragraph appropriate to the instrument aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies:
- (1) Preflight preparation;
 - (2) Preflight procedures;
 - (3) Air traffic control clearances and procedures;
 - (4) Flight by reference to instruments;
 - (5) Navigation systems;
 - (6) Instrument approach procedures;
 - (7) Emergency operations; and
 - (8) Post flight procedures.

5. Stage checks and end-of-course tests.

Each student enrolled in an instrument rating course must satisfactorily accomplish the stage checks and end-of-course tests, in accordance with the school's approved training course, consisting of the approved areas of operation listed in paragraph (d) of section No. 4 of this appendix that are appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies.

Appendix C
Commercial Pilot Licensing Course

1. Applicability.

This appendix prescribes the minimum curriculum for a commercial pilot certification course required under this part, for the following ratings:

- (a) Airplane single-engine.
- (b) Airplane multiengine.
- (c) Rotorcraft helicopter.
- (d) Rotorcraft gyroplane.
- (e) Powered-lift.
- (f) Glider.
- (g) Lighter-than-air airship.
- (h) Lighter-than-air balloon.

2. Eligibility for enrollment.

A person must hold the following prior to enrolling in the flight portion of the commercial pilot certification course:

- (a) At least a private pilot certificate; and
- (b) If the course is for a rating in an airplane or a powered-lift category, then the person must:
 - (1) Hold an instrument rating in the aircraft that is appropriate to the aircraft category rating for which the course applies; or
 - (2) Be concurrently enrolled in an instrument rating course that is appropriate to the aircraft category rating for which the course applies, and pass the required instrument rating practical test prior to completing the commercial pilot certification course.

3. Aeronautical knowledge training.

(a) Each approved course must include at least the following ground training on the aeronautical knowledge areas listed in paragraph (b) of this section, appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies:

- (1) 35 hours of training if the course is for an airplane category rating or a powered-lift category rating.
- (2) 65 hours of training if the course is for a lighter-than-air category with an airship class rating.
- (3) 30 hours of training if the course is for a rotorcraft category rating.
- (4) 20 hours of training if the course is for a glider category rating.
- (5) 20 hours of training if the course is for lighter-than-air category with a balloon class rating.

(b) Ground training must include the following aeronautical knowledge areas:

- (1) Federal Aviation Regulations that apply to commercial pilot privileges, limitations, and flight operations;
- (2) Accident reporting requirements of the National Transportation Safety Board;
- (3) Basic aerodynamics and the principles of flight;
- (4) Meteorology, to include recognition of critical weather situations, windshear recognition and avoidance, and the use of aeronautical weather reports and forecasts;
- (5) Safe and efficient operation of aircraft;
- (6) Weight and balance computations;
- (7) Use of performance charts;
- (8) Significance and effects of exceeding aircraft performance limitations;
- (9) Use of aeronautical charts and a magnetic compass for pilot age and dead reckoning;
- (10) Use of air navigation facilities;
- (11) Aeronautical decision making and judgment;
- (12) Principles and functions of aircraft systems;
- (13) Maneuvers, procedures, and emergency operations appropriate to the aircraft;
- (14) Night and high-altitude operations;
- (15) Descriptions of and procedures for operating within the National Airspace System; and

(16) Procedures for flight and ground training for lighter-than-air ratings.

4. Flight training.

- (a) Each approved course must include at least the following flight training, as provided in this section and section No. 5 of this appendix, on the approved areas of operation listed in paragraph (d) of this section that are appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies:
- (1) 120 hours of training if the course is for an airplane or powered-lift rating.
 - (2) 155 hours of training if the course is for an airship rating.
 - (3) 115 hours of training if the course is for a rotorcraft rating.
 - (4) 6 hours of training if the course is for a glider rating.
 - (5) 10 hours of training and 8 training flights if the course is for a balloon rating.
- (b) Each approved course must include at least the following flight training:
- (1) For an airplane single-engine course: 55 hours of flight training from a certificated flight instructor on the approved areas of operation listed in paragraph (d)(1) of this section that includes at least:
 - (i) 5 hours of instrument training in a single-engine airplane;
 - (ii) 10 hours of training in a single-engine airplane that has retractable landing gear, flaps, and a controllable pitch propeller, or is turbine-powered;
 - (iii) One cross-country flight in a single-engine airplane of at least a 2-hour duration, a total straight-line distance of more than 100 nautical miles from the original point of departure, and occurring in day VFR conditions;
 - (iv) One cross-country flight in a single-engine airplane of at least a 2-hour duration, a total straight-line distance of more than 100 nautical miles from the original point of departure, and occurring in night VFR conditions; and
 - (v) 3 hours in a single-engine airplane in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
 - (2) For an airplane multiengine course: 55 hours of flight training from a certificated flight instructor on the approved areas of operation listed in paragraph (d)(2) of this section that includes at least:
 - (i) 5 hours of instrument training in a multiengine airplane;
 - (ii) 10 hours of training in a multiengine airplane that has retractable landing gear, flaps, and a controllable pitch propeller, or is turbine-powered;
 - (iii) One cross-country flight in a multiengine airplane of at least a 2-hour duration, a total straight-line distance of more than 100 nautical miles from the original point of departure, and occurring in day VFR conditions;
 - (iv) One cross-country flight in a multiengine airplane of at least a 2-hour duration, a total straight-line distance of more than 100 nautical miles from the original point of departure, and occurring in night VFR conditions; and
 - (v) 3 hours in a multiengine airplane in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
 - (3) For a rotorcraft helicopter course: 30 hours of flight training from a certificated flight instructor on the approved areas of operation listed in paragraph (d)(3) of this section that includes at least:
 - (i) 5 hours of instrument training;
 - (ii) One cross-country flight in a helicopter of at least a 2-hour duration, a total straight-line distance of more than 50 nautical miles from the original point of departure and occurring in day VFR conditions;
 - (iii) One cross-country flight in a helicopter of at least a 2-hour duration, a total straight-line distance of more than 50 nautical miles from the original point of departure, and occurring in night VFR conditions; and
 - (iv) 3 hours in a helicopter in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
 - (1) For a rotorcraft gyroplane course: 30 hours of flight training from a certificated flight instructor on the approved areas of operation listed in paragraph (d)(4) of this section that includes at least:
 - (i) 5 hours of instrument training;

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- (ii) One cross-country flight in a gyroplane of at least a 2-hour duration, a total straight-line distance of more than 50 nautical miles from the original point of departure, and occurring in day VFR conditions;
 - (iii) One cross-country flight in a gyroplane of at least a 2-hour duration, a total straight-line distance of more than 50 nautical miles from the original point of departure, and occurring in night VFR conditions; and
 - (iv) 3 hours in a gyroplane in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
- (5) For a powered-lift course: 55 hours of flight training from a certificated flight instructor on the approved areas of operation listed in paragraph (d)(5) of this section that includes at least:
- (i) 5 hours of instrument training in a powered-lift;
 - (ii) One cross-country flight in a powered-lift of at least a 2-hour duration, a total straight-line distance of more than 100 nautical miles from the original point of departure, and occurring in day VFR conditions;
 - (iii) One cross-country flight in a powered-lift of at least a 2-hour duration, a total straight-line distance of more than 100 nautical miles from the original point of departure, and occurring in night VFR conditions; and
 - (iv) 3 hours in a powered-lift in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
- (6) For a glider course: 4 hours of flight training from a certificated flight instructor on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(6) of this section, that includes at least:
- (i) Five training flights in a glider with a certificated flight instructor on the launch/tow procedures approved for the course and on the appropriate approved areas of operation listed in paragraph (d)(6) of this section; and
 - (ii) Three training flights in a glider with a certificated flight instructor in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
- (7) For a lighter-than-air airship course: 55 hours of flight training in airships from a commercial pilot with an airship rating on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(7) of this section that includes at least:
- (i) 3 hours of instrument training in an airship;
 - (ii) One cross-country flight in an airship of at least a 1-hour duration, a total straight-line distance of more than 25 nautical miles from the original point of departure, and occurring in day VFR conditions; and
 - (iii) One cross-country flight in an airship of at least a 1-hour duration, a total straight-line distance of more than 25 nautical miles from the original point of departure, and occurring in night VFR conditions; and
 - (iv) 3 hours in an airship, in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
- (8) For a lighter-than-air balloon course: Flight training from a commercial pilot with a balloon rating on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(8) of this section that includes at least:
- (i) If the course involves training in a gas balloon:
 - (A) Two flights of 1 hour each;
 - (B) One flight involving a controlled ascent to at least 5,000 feet above the launch site; and
 - (C) Two flights in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
 - (ii) If the course involves training in a balloon with an airborne heater:
 - (A) Two flights of 30 minutes each;
 - (B) One flight involving a controlled ascent to at least 3,000 feet above the launch site; and
 - (C) Two flights in preparation for the practical test within 60 days preceding the date of the test.
- (c) For the use of flight simulators or flight training devices:
- (1) The course may include training in a flight simulator or flight training device, provided it is representative of the aircraft for which the course is approved, meets the requirements of this paragraph, and is given by an authorized instructor.

- (2) Training in a flight simulator that meets the requirements of §141.41(a) of this part may be credited for a maximum of 30 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
 - (3) Training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of §141.41(b) of this part may be credited for a maximum of 20 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
 - (4) Training in the flight training devices described in paragraphs (c)(2) and (c)(3) of this section, if used in combination, may be credited for a maximum of 30 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less. However, credit for training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of §141.41(b) cannot exceed the limitation provided for in paragraph (c)(3) of this section.
- (d) Each approved course must include the flight training on the approved areas of operation listed in this paragraph that are appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating:
- (1) For an airplane single-engine course:
 - (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Airport and seaplane base operations;
 - (iv) Takeoffs, landings, and go-a rounds;
 - (v) Performance maneuvers;
 - (vi) Navigation;
 - (vii) Slow flight and stalls;
 - (viii) Emergency operations;
 - (ix) High-altitude operations; and
 - (x) Post flight procedures.
 - (2) For an airplane multiengine course:
 - (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Airport and seaplane base operations;
 - (iv) Takeoffs, landings, and go-a rounds;
 - (v) Performance maneuvers;
 - (vi) Navigation;
 - (vii) Slow flight and stalls;
 - (viii) Emergency operations;
 - (ix) Multiengine operations;
 - (x) High-altitude operations; and
 - (xi) Post flight procedures.
 - (3) For a rotorcraft helicopter course:
 - (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Airport and heliport operations;
 - (iv) Hovering maneuvers;
 - (v) Takeoffs, landings, and go-a rounds;
 - (vi) Performance maneuvers;
 - (vii) Navigation;
 - (viii) Emergency operations;
 - (ix) Special operations; and
 - (x) Post flight procedures.
 - (4) For a rotorcraft gyroplane course:
 - (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Airport operations;
 - (iv) Takeoffs, landings, and go-a rounds;
 - (v) Performance maneuvers;
 - (vi) Navigation;
 - (vii) Flight at slow airspeeds;
 - (viii) Emergency operations; and
 - (ix) Post flight procedures.
 - (5) For a powered-lift course:

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- (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Airport and heliport operations;
 - (iv) Hovering maneuvers;
 - (v) Takeoffs, landings, and go-a rounds;
 - (vi) Performance maneuvers;
 - (vii) Navigation;
 - (viii) Slow flight and stalls;
 - (ix) Emergency operations;
 - (x) High altitude operations;
 - (xi) Special operations; and
 - (xii) Post flight procedures.
- (6) For a glider course:
- (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Airport and glider port operations;
 - (iv) Launches/tows, as appropriate, and landings;
 - (v) Performance speeds;
 - (vi) Soaring techniques;
 - (vii) Performance maneuvers;
 - (viii) Navigation;
 - (ix) Slow flight and stalls;
 - (x) Emergency operations; and
 - (xi) Post flight procedures.
- (7) For a lighter-than-air airship course:
- (i) Fundamentals of instructing;
 - (ii) Technical subjects;
 - (iii) Preflight preparation;
 - (iv) Preflight lessons on a maneuver to be performed in flight;
 - (v) Preflight procedures;
 - (vi) Airport operations;
 - (vii) Takeoffs, landings, and go-a rounds;
 - (viii) Performance maneuvers;
 - (ix) Navigation;
 - (x) Emergency operations; and
 - (xi) Post flight procedures.
- (8) For a lighter-than-air balloon course:
- (i) Fundamentals of instructing;
 - (ii) Technical subjects;
 - (iii) Preflight preparation;
 - (iv) Preflight lesson on a maneuver to be performed in flight;
 - (v) Preflight procedures;
 - (vi) Airport operations;
 - (vii) Launches and landings;
 - (viii) Performance maneuvers;
 - (ix) Navigation;
 - (x) Emergency operations; and
 - (xi) Post flight procedures.

5. Solo training. Each approved course must include at least the following solo flight training:

- (a) For an airplane single-engine course: 10 hours of solo flight training in a single-engine airplane on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(1) of section No. 4 of this appendix that includes at least:
 - (1) One cross-country flight, with landings at a minimum of three points, and one of the segments consisting of a straight-line distance of at least 150 nautical miles;
 - (2) One cross-country flight, with landings at a minimum of three points, and one segment of the flight consisting of a straight-line distance of at least 250 nautical miles; and

- (3) 5 hours in night VFR conditions with 10 takeoffs and 10 landings (with each landing involving a flight with a traffic pattern) at an airport with an operating control tower.
- (b) For an airplane multiengine course: 10 hours of flight training in a multiengine airplane performing the duties of pilot in command while under the supervision of a certificated flight instructor. The training must consist of the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(2) of section No. 4 of this appendix, and include at least:
 - (1) One cross-country flight, with landings at a minimum of three points, and one of the segments consisting of a straight-line distance of at least 150 nautical miles;
 - (2) One cross-country flight, with landings at a minimum of three points and one segment of the flight consisting of straight-line distance of at least 250 nautical miles; and
 - (3) 5 hours in night VFR conditions with 10 takeoffs and 10 landings (with each landing involving a flight with a traffic pattern) at an airport with an operating control tower.
- (c) For a rotorcraft helicopter course: 10 hours of solo flight training in a helicopter on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(3) of section No. 4 of this appendix that includes at least:
 - (1) One cross-country flight with landings at a minimum of three points and one segment of the flight consisting of a straight-line distance of at least 50 nautical miles from the original point of departure; and
 - (2) 5 hours in night VFR conditions with 10 takeoffs and 10 landings (with each landing involving a flight with a traffic pattern) at an airport with an operating control tower.
- (d) For a rotorcraft-gyroplane course: 10 hours of solo flight training in a gyroplane on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(4) of section No. 4 of this appendix that includes at least:
 - (1) One cross-country flight with landings at a minimum of three points, and one segment of the flight consisting of a straight-line distance of at least 50 nautical miles from the original point of departure; and
 - (2) 5 hours in night VFR conditions with 10 takeoffs and 10 landings (with each landing involving a flight with a traffic pattern) at an airport with an operating control tower.
- (e) For a powered-lift course: 10 hours of solo flight training in a powered-lift on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(5) of section No. 4 of this appendix that includes at least:
 - (1) One cross-country flight, with landings at a minimum of three points, and one segment of the flight consisting of a straight-line distance of at least 150 nautical miles;
 - (2) One cross-country flight, with landings at a minimum of three points, and one segment of the flight consisting of a straight-line distance of at least 250 nautical miles; and
 - (3) 5 hours in night VFR conditions with 10 takeoffs and 10 landings (with each landing involving a flight with a traffic pattern) at an airport with an operating control tower.
- (f) For a glider course: 5 solo flights in a glider on the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(6) of section No. 4 of this appendix.
- (g) For a lighter-than-air airship course: 10 hours of flight training in an airship performing the duties of pilot in command while under the supervision of a commercial pilot with an airship rating. The training must consist of the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(7) of section No. 4 of this appendix and include at least:
 - (1) One cross-country flight with landings at a minimum of three points, and one segment of the flight consisting of a straight-line distance of at least 25 nautical miles from the original point of departure; and
 - (2) 5 hours in night VFR conditions with 10 takeoffs and 10 landings (with each landing involving a flight with a traffic pattern).
- (h) For a lighter-than-air balloon course: Two solo flights if the course is for a hot air balloon rating, or, if the course is for a gas balloon rating, at least two flights in a gas balloon, while performing the duties of pilot in command under the supervision

of a commercial pilot with a balloon rating. The training shall consist of the approved areas of operation in paragraph (d)(8) of section No. 4 of this appendix, in the kind of balloon for which the course applies.

6. Stage checks and end-of-course tests.

- (a) Each student enrolled in a commercial pilot course must satisfactorily accomplish the stage checks and end-of-course tests, in accordance with the school's approved training course, consisting of the approved areas of operation listed in paragraph (d) of section No. 4 of this appendix that are appropriate to aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies.
- (b) Each student must demonstrate satisfactory proficiency prior to receiving an endorsement to operate an aircraft in solo flight.

Appendix D
Airline Transport Pilot Licensing Course

1. Applicability.

This appendix prescribes the minimum curriculum for an airline transport pilot certification course under this part, for the following ratings:

- (a) Airplane single-engine.
- (b) Airplane multiengine.
- (c) Rotorcraft helicopter.
- (d) Powered-lift.

2. Eligibility for enrollment.

Prior to enrolling in the flight portion of the airline transport pilot Licensing course, a person must:

- (a) Meet the aeronautical experience requirements prescribed in subpart G of part 61 of this chapter for an airline transport pilot License that is appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies;
- (b) Hold at least a commercial pilot license and an instrument rating;
- (c) Meet the military experience requirements under 61.73 of this ECAR to qualify for a commercial pilot License and an instrument rating, if the person is a rated military pilot or former rated military pilot of an Egyptian air Force; or
- (d) Hold either a foreign airline transport pilot license or foreign commercial pilot license and an instrument rating, if the person holds a pilot license issued by a contracting State to the Convention on International Civil Aviation.

3. Aeronautical knowledge areas.

- (a) Each approved course must include at least 40 hours of ground training on the aeronautical knowledge areas listed in paragraph (b) of this section, appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies.
- (b) Ground training must include the following aeronautical knowledge areas:
 - (1) Egyptian Aviation Regulations of this ECAR that relate to airline transport pilot privileges, limitations, and flight operations;
 - (2) Meteorology, including knowledge of and effects of fronts, frontal characteristics, cloud formations, icing, and upper-air data;
 - (3) General system of weather and NOTAM collection, dissemination, interpretation, and use;
 - (4) Interpretation and use of weather charts, maps, forecasts, sequence reports, abbreviations, and symbols;
 - (5) National Weather Service functions as they pertain to operations in the National Airspace System;
 - (6) Windshear and microburst awareness, identification, and avoidance;
 - (7) Principles of air navigation under instrument meteorological conditions in the National Airspace System;
 - (8) Air traffic control procedures and pilot responsibilities as they relate to en route operations, terminal area and radar operations, and instrument departure and approach procedures;
 - (9) Aircraft loading; weight and balance; use of charts, graphs, tables, formulas, and computations; and the effects on aircraft performance;
 - (10) Aerodynamics relating to an aircraft's flight characteristics and performance in normal and abnormal flight regimes;
 - (11) Human factors;
 - (12) Aeronautical decision making and judgment; and
 - (13) Crew resource management to include crew communication and coordination.

4. Flight training.

- (a) Each approved course must include at least 25 hours of flight training on the approved areas of operation listed in paragraph (c) of this section appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies. At least 15 hours of this flight training must be instrument flight training.
- (b) For the use of flight simulators or flight training devices:

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- (1) The course may include training in a flight simulator or flight training device, provided it is representative of the aircraft for which the course is approved, meets the requirements of this paragraph, and the training is given by an authorized instructor.
 - (2) Training in a flight simulator that meets the requirements of 141.41(a) of this part may be credited for a maximum of 50 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
 - (3) Training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of 141.41(b) of this part may be credited for a maximum of 25 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
 - (4) Training in flight simulators or flight training devices described in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section, if used in combination, may be credited for a maximum of 50 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less. However, credit for training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of 141.41(b) cannot exceed the limitation provided for in paragraph (b)(3) of this section.
- (c) Each approved course must include flight training on the approved areas of operation listed in this paragraph appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies:
- (1) Preflight preparation;
 - (2) Preflight procedures;
 - (3) Takeoff and departure phase;
 - (4) In-flight maneuvers;
 - (5) Instrument procedures;
 - (6) Landings and approaches to landings;
 - (7) Normal and abnormal procedures;
 - (8) Emergency procedures; and
 - (9) Post flight procedures.

5. Stage checks and end-of-course tests.

- (a) Each student enrolled in an airline transport pilot course must satisfactorily accomplish the stage checks and end-of-course tests, in accordance with the school's approved training course, consisting of the approved areas of operation listed in paragraph (c) of section No. 4 of this appendix that are appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies.
- (b) Each student must demonstrate satisfactory proficiency prior to receiving an endorsement to operate an aircraft in solo flight.

Appendix E
Flight Instructor licensing Course

1. Applicability.

This appendix prescribes the minimum curriculum for a flight instructor licensing course and an additional flight instructor rating course required under this part, for the following ratings:

- (a) Airplane single-engine.
- (b) Airplane multiengine.
- (c) Rotorcraft helicopter.
- (d) Rotorcraft gyroplane.
- (e) Powered-lift.
- (f) Glider category.

2. Eligibility for enrollment.

A person must hold the following prior to enrolling in the flight portion of the flight instructor or additional flight instructor rating course:

- (a) A commercial pilot license or an airline transport pilot license, with an aircraft category and class rating appropriate to the flight instructor rating for which the course applies; and
- (b) An instrument rating or privilege in an aircraft that is appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies, if the course is for a flight instructor airplane or powered-lift instrument rating.

3. Aeronautical knowledge training.

- (a) Each approved course must include at least the following ground training in the aeronautical knowledge areas listed in paragraph (b) of this section:
 - (1) 40 hours of training if the course is for an initial issuance of a flight instructor license; or
 - (2) 20 hours of training if the course is for an additional flight instructor rating.
- (b) Ground training must include the following aeronautical knowledge areas:
 - (1) The fundamentals of instructing including:
 - (i) The learning process;
 - (ii) Elements of effective teaching;
 - (iii) Student evaluation and testing;
 - (iv) Course development;
 - (v) Lesson planning; and
 - (vi) Classroom training techniques.
 - (2) The aeronautical knowledge areas in which training is required for:
 - (i) A private, and commercial pilot license that is appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies; and
 - (ii) An instrument rating that is appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies, if the course is for an airplane or powered-lift aircraft rating.
- (c) A student who satisfactorily completes 2 years of study on the principles of education at a college or university may be credited with no more than 20 hours of the training required in paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

4. Flight training.

- (a) Each approved course must include at least the following flight training on the approved areas of operation of paragraph (c) of this section appropriate to the flight instructor rating for which the course applies:
 - (1) 25 hours, if the course is for an airplane, rotorcraft, or powered-lift rating; and
 - (2) 10 hours, which must include 10 flights, if the course is for a glider category rating?
- (b) For the use of flight simulators or flight training devices:
 - (1) The course may include training in a flight simulator or flight training device, provided it is representative of the aircraft for which the course is approved, meets the requirements of this paragraph, and the training is given by an authorized instructor.

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- (2) Training in a flight simulator that meets the requirements of 141.41(a) of this part, may be credited for a maximum of 10 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
 - (3) Training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of 141.41(b) of this part, may be credited for a maximum of 5 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
 - (4) Training in flight simulators or flight training devices described in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section, if used in combination, may be credited for a maximum of 10 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less. However, credit for training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of 141.41(b) cannot exceed the limitation provided for in paragraph (b)(3) of this section.
- (c) Each approved course must include flight training on the approved areas of operation listed in this paragraph that are appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies:
- (1) For an airplane—single-engine course:
 - (i) Fundamentals of instructing;
 - (ii) Technical subject areas;
 - (iii) Preflight preparation;
 - (iv) Preflight lesson on a maneuver to be performed in flight;
 - (v) Preflight procedures;
 - (vi) Airport and seaplane base operations;
 - (vii) Takeoffs, landings, and go-a rounds;
 - (viii) Fundamentals of flight;
 - (ix) Performance maneuvers;
 - (x) Ground reference maneuvers;
 - (xi) Slow flight, stalls, and spins;
 - (xii) Basic instrument maneuvers;
 - (xiii) Emergency operations; and
 - (xiv) Post flight procedures.
 - (2) For an airplane—multiengine course:
 - (i) Fundamentals of instructing;
 - (ii) Technical subject areas;
 - (iii) Preflight preparation;
 - (iv) Preflight lesson on a maneuver to be performed in flight;
 - (v) Preflight procedures;
 - (vi) Airport and seaplane base operations;
 - (vii) Takeoffs, landings, and go-a rounds;
 - (viii) Fundamentals of flight;
 - (ix) Performance maneuvers;
 - (x) Ground reference maneuvers;
 - (xi) Slow flight and stalls;
 - (xii) Basic instrument maneuvers;
 - (xiii) Emergency operations;
 - (xiv) Multiengine operations; and
 - (xv) Post flight procedures.
 - (3) For a rotorcraft—helicopter course:
 - (i) Fundamentals of instructing;
 - (ii) Technical subject areas;
 - (iii) Preflight preparation;
 - (iv) Preflight lesson on a maneuver to be performed in flight;
 - (v) Preflight procedures;
 - (vi) Airport and heliport operations;
 - (vii) Hovering maneuvers;
 - (viii) Takeoffs, landings, and go-a rounds;
 - (ix) Fundamentals of flight;
 - (x) Performance maneuvers;
 - (xi) Emergency operations;
 - (xii) Special operations; and
 - (xiii) Post flight procedures.

- (4) For a rotorcraft—gyroplane course:
 - (i) Fundamentals of instructing;
 - (ii) Technical subject areas;
 - (iii) Preflight preparation;
 - (iv) Preflight lesson on a maneuver to be performed in flight;
 - (v) Preflight procedures;
 - (vi) Airport operations;
 - (vii) Takeoffs, landings, and go-a rounds;
 - (viii) Fundamentals of flight;
 - (ix) Performance maneuvers;
 - (x) Flight at slow airspeeds;
 - (xi) Ground reference maneuvers;
 - (xii) Emergency operations; and
 - (xiii) Post flight procedures.
- (5) For a powered-lift course:
 - (i) Fundamentals of instructing;
 - (ii) Technical subject areas;
 - (iii) Preflight preparation;
 - (iv) Preflight lesson on a maneuver to be performed in flight;
 - (v) Preflight procedures;
 - (vi) Airport and heliport operations;
 - (vii) Hovering maneuvers;
 - (viii) Takeoffs, landings, and go-a rounds;
 - (ix) Fundamentals of flight;
 - (x) Performance maneuvers;
 - (xi) Ground reference maneuvers;
 - (xii) Slow flight and stalls;
 - (xiii) Basic instrument maneuvers;
 - (xiv) Emergency operations;
 - (xv) Special operations; and
 - (xvi) Post flight procedures.
- (6) For a glider course:
 - (i) Fundamentals of instructing;
 - (ii) Technical subject areas;
 - (iii) Preflight preparation;
 - (iv) Preflight lesson on a maneuver to be performed in flight;
 - (v) Preflight procedures;
 - (vi) Airport and glider port operations;
 - (vii) Tows or launches, landings, and go-a rounds, if applicable;
 - (viii) Fundamentals of flight;
 - (ix) Performance speeds;
 - (x) Soaring techniques;
 - (xi) Performance maneuvers;
 - (xii) Slow flight, stalls, and spins;
 - (xiii) Emergency operations; and
 - (xiv) Post flight procedures.

5. Stage checks and end-of-course tests.

- (a) Each student enrolled in a flight instructor course must satisfactorily accomplish the stage checks and end-of-course tests, in accordance with the school's approved training course, consisting of the appropriate approved areas of operation listed in paragraph (c) of section No. 4 of this appendix appropriate to the flight instructor rating for which the course applies.
- (b) In the case of a student who is enrolled in a flight instructor-airplane rating or flight instructor-glider rating course, that student must have:
 - (1) Received a logbook endorsement from a certificated flight instructor certifying the student received ground and flight training on stall awareness, spin entry, spins, and spin recovery procedures in an aircraft that is certificated for spins and is appropriate to the rating sought; and
 - (2) Demonstrated instructional proficiency in stall awareness, spin entry, spins, and spin recovery procedures.

Appendix F
**Flight Instructor Instrument (For an Airplane, Helicopter, or Powered-Lift
Instrument Instructor Rating, as Appropriate) LICENSING Course**

1. Applicability.

This appendix prescribes the minimum curriculum for a flight instructor instrument license course required under this part, for the following ratings:

- (a) Flight Instructor Instrument—Airplane.
- (b) Flight Instructor Instrument—Helicopter.
- (c) Flight Instructor Instrument—Powered-lift aircraft.

2. Eligibility for enrollment.

A person must hold the following prior to enrolling in the flight portion of the flight instructor instrument course:

- (a) A commercial pilot certificate or airline transport pilot certificate with an aircraft category and class rating appropriate to the flight instructor category and class rating for which the course applies; and
- (b) An instrument rating or privilege on that flight instructor applicant's pilot certificate that is appropriate to the flight instructor instrument rating (for an airplane-, helicopter-, or powered-lift-instrument rating, as appropriate) for which the course applies.

3. Aeronautical knowledge training.

- (a) Each approved course must include at least 15 hours of ground training on the aeronautical knowledge areas listed in paragraph (b) of this section, appropriate to the flight instructor instrument rating (for an airplane-, helicopter-, or powered-lift-instrument rating, as appropriate) for which the course applies:
- (b) Ground training must include the following aeronautical knowledge areas:
 - (1) The fundamentals of instructing including:
 - (i) The learning process;
 - (ii) Elements of effective teaching;
 - (iii) Student evaluation and testing;
 - (iv) Course development;
 - (v) Lesson planning; and
 - (vi) Classroom training techniques.
 - (2) The aeronautical knowledge areas in which training is required for an instrument rating that is appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating for the course which applies.

4. Flight training.

- (a) Each approved course must include at least 15 hours of flight training in the approved areas of operation of paragraph (c) of this section appropriate to the flight instructor rating for which the course applies.
- (b) For the use of flight simulators or flight training devices:
 - (1) The course may include training in a flight simulator or flight training device, provided it is representative of the aircraft for which the course is approved for, meets requirements of this paragraph, and the training is given by an instructor.
 - (2) Training in a flight simulator that meets the requirements of 141.41(a) of this part, may be credited for a maximum of 10 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
 - (3) Training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of 141.41(b) of this part, may be credited for a maximum of 5 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
 - (4) Training in flight simulators or flight training devices described in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section, if used in combination, may be credited for a maximum of 10 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less. However, credit for training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of 141.41(b) cannot exceed the limitation provided for in paragraph (b)(3) of this section.

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- (c) An approved course for the flight instructor-instrument rating must include flight training on the following approved areas of operation that are appropriate to the instrument-aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies:
- (1) Fundamentals of instructing;
 - (2) Technical subject areas;
 - (3) Preflight preparation;
 - (4) Preflight lesson on a maneuver to be performed in flight;
 - (5) Air traffic control clearances and procedures;
 - (6) Flight by reference to instruments;
 - (7) Navigation systems;
 - (8) Instrument approach procedures;
 - (9) Emergency operations; and
 - (10) Post flight procedures.

5. Stage checks and end-of-course tests.

Each student enrolled in a flight instructor instrument course must satisfactorily accomplish the stage checks and end-of-course tests, in accordance with the school's approved training course, consisting of the approved areas of operation listed in paragraph (c) of section No. 4 of this appendix that are appropriate to the flight instructor instrument rating (for an airplane-, helicopter-, or powered-lift-instrument rating, as appropriate) for which the course applies.

Appendix G
Ground Instructor License Course

1. Applicability.

This appendix prescribes the minimum curriculum for a ground instructor license course and an additional ground instructor rating course, required under this part, for the following ratings:

- (a) Ground Instructor—Basic.
- (b) Ground Instructor—Advanced.
- (c) Ground Instructor—Instrument.

2. Aeronautical knowledge training.

(a) Each approved course must include at least the following ground training on the knowledge areas listed in paragraphs (b), (c), (d), and (e) of this section, appropriate to the ground instructor rating for which the course applies:

- (1) 20 hours of training if the course is for an initial issuance of a ground instructor license; or
- (2) 10 hours of training if the course is for an additional ground instructor rating.

(b) Ground training must include the following aeronautical knowledge areas:

- (1) Learning process;
- (2) Elements of effective teaching;
- (3) Student evaluation and testing;
- (4) Course development;
- (5) Lesson planning; and
- (6) Classroom training techniques.

(c) Ground training for a basic ground instructor license must include the aeronautical knowledge areas applicable to a recreational and private pilot.

(d) Ground training for an advanced ground instructor rating must include the aeronautical knowledge areas applicable to a recreational, private, commercial, and airline transport pilot.

(e) Ground training for an instrument ground instructor rating must include the aeronautical knowledge areas applicable to an instrument rating.

(f) A student who satisfactorily completed 2 years of study on the principles of education at a college or university may be credited with 10 hours of the training required in paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

3. Stage checks and end-of-course tests.

Each student enrolled in a ground instructor course must satisfactorily accomplish the stage checks and end-of-course tests, in accordance with the school's approved training course, consisting of the approved knowledge areas in paragraph (b), (c), (d), and (e) of section No. 2 of this appendix appropriate

Appendix H
Additional Aircraft Category or Class Rating Course

1. Applicability.

This appendix prescribes the minimum curriculum for an additional aircraft category rating course or an additional aircraft class rating course required under this part, for the following ratings:

- (a) Airplane single-engine.
- (b) Airplane multiengine.
- (c) Rotorcraft helicopter.
- (d) Rotorcraft gyroplane.
- (e) Powered-lift.
- (f) Glider/Motor glider.
- (g) Lighter-than-air airship.
- (h) Lighter-than-air balloon.

2. Eligibility for enrollment.

A person must hold the level of pilot license for the additional aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies prior to enrolling in the flight portion of an additional aircraft category or additional aircraft class rating course.

3. Aeronautical knowledge training.

Each approved course for an additional aircraft category rating and additional aircraft class rating must include ground training time requirements and ground training on the aeronautical knowledge areas that are specific to that aircraft category and class rating and pilot license level for which the course applies as required in appendix A, B, D, or E of this part, as appropriate.

4. Flight training.

- (a) Each approved course for an additional aircraft category rating or additional aircraft class rating must include the flight training time requirements and flight training on the areas of operation that are specific to that aircraft category and class rating and pilot license level for which the course applies as required in appendix A, B, D, or E of this part, as appropriate.
- (b) For the use of flight simulators or flight training devices:
 - (1) The course may include training in a flight simulator or flight training device, provided it is representative of the aircraft for which the course is approved, meets the requirements of this paragraph, and the training is given by an authorized instructor.
 - (2) Training in a flight simulator that meets the requirements of 141.41(a) of this part may be credited for a maximum of 30 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
 - (3) Training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of 141.41(b) of this part may be credited for a maximum of 20 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
 - (4) Training in the flight simulators or flight training devices described in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section, if used in combination, may be credited for a maximum of 30 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less. However, credit for training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of 141.41(b) cannot exceed the limitation provided for in paragraph (c)(3) of this section.

5. Stage checks and end-of-course tests.

- (a) Each student enrolled in an additional aircraft category rating course or an additional aircraft class rating course must satisfactorily accomplish the stage checks and end-of-course tests, in accordance with the school's approved training course, consisting of the approved areas of operation in section No. 4 of this appendix that are appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies at the appropriate pilot license level.
- (b) Each student must demonstrate satisfactory proficiency prior to receiving an endorsement to operate an aircraft in solo flight.

Appendix I
Aircraft Type Rating Course, For Other Than an Airline Transport Pilot License
(ATPL)

1. Applicability.

This appendix prescribes the minimum curriculum for an aircraft type rating course other than an airline transport pilot license, for:

- (a) A type rating in an airplane category—single-engine class.
- (b) A type rating in an airplane category—multiengine class.
- (c) A type rating in a rotorcraft category—helicopter class.
- (d) A type rating in a powered-lift category.
- (e) Other aircraft type ratings specified by the ECAA through the aircraft type certificate procedures.

2. Eligibility for enrollment.

Prior to enrolling in the flight portion of an aircraft type rating course, a person must hold at least a private pilot license and:

- (a) An instrument rating in the category and class of aircraft that is appropriate to the aircraft type rating for which the course applies, provided the aircraft's type certificate does not have a VFR limitation; or
- (b) Be concurrently enrolled in an instrument rating course in the category and class of aircraft that is appropriate to the aircraft type rating for which the course applies, and pass the required instrument rating practical test concurrently with the aircraft type rating practical test.

3. Aeronautical knowledge training.

- (a) Each approved course must include at least 10 hours of ground training on the aeronautical knowledge areas listed in paragraph (b) of this section, appropriate to the aircraft type rating for which the course applies.
- (b) Ground training must include the following aeronautical areas:
 - (1) Proper control of airspeed, configuration, direction, altitude, and attitude in accordance with procedures and limitations contained in the aircraft's flight manual, checklists, or other approved material appropriate to the aircraft type;
 - (2) Compliance with approved en route, instrument approach, missed approach, ATC, or other applicable procedures that apply to the aircraft type;
 - (3) Subjects requiring a practical knowledge of the aircraft type and its power plant, systems, components, operational, and performance factors;
 - (4) The aircraft's normal, abnormal, and emergency procedures, and the operations and limitations relating thereto;
 - (5) Appropriate provisions of the approved aircraft's flight manual;
 - (6) Location of and purpose for inspecting each item on the aircraft's checklist that relates to the exterior and interior preflight; and
 - (7) Use of the aircraft's restart checklist, appropriate control system checks, starting procedures, radio and electronic equipment checks, and the selection of proper navigation and communication radio facilities and frequencies.

4. Flight training.

- (a) Each approved course must include at least:
 - (1) Flight training on the approved areas of operation of paragraph (c) of this section in the aircraft type for which the course applies; and
 - (2) 10 hours of training of which at least 5 hours must be instrument training in the aircraft for which the course applies.
- (b) For the use of flight simulators or flight training devices:
 - (1) The course may include training in a flight simulator or flight training device, provided it is representative of the aircraft for which the course is approved, meets requirements of this paragraph, and the training is given by an authorized instructor.
 - (2) Training in a flight simulator that meets the requirements of 141.41(a) of this part, may be credited for a maximum of 50 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.

- (3) Training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of 141.41(b) of this part, may be credited for a maximum of 25 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
 - (4) Training in the flight simulators or flight training devices described in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section, if used in combination, may be credited for a maximum of 50 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less. However, credit training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of 141.41(b) cannot exceed the limitation provided for in paragraph (b)(3) of this section.
- (c) Each approved course must include the flight training on the areas of operation listed in this paragraph, that are appropriate to the aircraft category and class rating for which the course applies:
- (1) A type rating for an airplane—single-engine course:
 - (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Takeoff and departure phase;
 - (iv) In-flight maneuvers;
 - (v) Instrument procedures;
 - (vi) Landings and approaches to landings;
 - (vii) Normal and abnormal procedures;
 - (viii) Emergency procedures; and
 - (ix) Post flight procedures.
 - (2) A type rating for an airplane—multiengine course:
 - (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Takeoff and departure phase;
 - (iv) In-flight maneuvers;
 - (v) Instrument procedures;
 - (vi) Landings and approaches to landings;
 - (vii) Normal and abnormal procedures;
 - (viii) Emergency procedures; and
 - (ix) Post flight procedures.
 - (3) A type rating for a powered-lift course:
 - (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Takeoff and departure phase;
 - (iv) In-flight maneuvers;
 - (v) Instrument procedures;
 - (vi) Landings and approaches to landings;
 - (vii) Normal and abnormal procedures;
 - (viii) Emergency procedures; and
 - (ix) Post flight procedures.
 - (4) A type rating for a rotorcraft—helicopter course:
 - (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Takeoff and departure phase;
 - (iv) In-flight maneuvers;
 - (v) Instrument procedures;
 - (vi) Landings and approaches to landings;
 - (vii) Normal and abnormal procedures;
 - (viii) Emergency procedures; and
 - (ix) Post flight procedures.
 - (5) Other aircraft type ratings specified by the ECAA through aircraft type certificate procedures:
 - (i) Preflight preparation;
 - (ii) Preflight procedures;
 - (iii) Takeoff and departure phase;
 - (iv) In-flight maneuvers;
 - (v) Instrument procedures;

- (vi) Landings and approaches to landings;
- (vii) Normal and abnormal procedures;
- (viii) Emergency procedures; and
- (ix) Post flight procedures.

5. Stage checks and end-of-course tests.

- (a) Each student enrolled in an aircraft type rating course must satisfactorily accomplish the stage checks and end-of-course tests, in accordance with the school's approved training course, consisting of the approved areas of operation that are appropriate to the aircraft type rating for which the course applies at the airline transport pilot license level; and
- (b) Each student must demonstrate satisfactory proficiency prior to receiving an endorsement to operate an aircraft in solo flight.

Appendix J
Special Preparation Courses

1. Applicability.

This appendix prescribes the minimum curriculum for the special preparation courses that are listed in 141.11 of this part.

2. Eligibility for enrollment.

Prior to enrolling in the flight portion of a special preparation course, a person must hold a pilot license, flight instructor license, or ground instructor license that is appropriate for the exercise of the operating privileges or authorizations sought.

3. General requirements.

- (a) To be approved, a special preparation course must:
 - (1) Meet the appropriate requirements of this appendix; and
 - (2) Prepare the graduate with the necessary skills, competency, and proficiency to exercise safely the privileges of the license, rating, or authorization for which the course is established.
- (b) An approved special preparation course must include ground and flight training on the operating privileges or authorization sought, for developing competency, proficiency, resourcefulness, self-confidence, and self-reliance in the student.

4. Use of flight simulators or flight training devices.

- (a) The approved special preparation course may include training in a flight simulator or flight training device, provided it is representative of the aircraft for which the course is approved, meets requirements of this paragraph, and the training is given by an authorized instructor.
- (b) Training in a flight simulator that meets the requirements of 141.41(a) of this part, may be credited for a maximum of 10 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
- (c) Training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of 141.41(b) of this part, may be credited for a maximum of 5 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less.
- (d) Training in the flight simulators or flight training devices described in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, if used in combination, may be credited for a maximum of 10 percent of the total flight training hour requirements of the approved course, or of this section, whichever is less. However, credit for training in a flight training device that meets the requirements of 141.41(b) cannot exceed the limitation provided for in paragraph (c) of this section.

5. Stage check and end-of-course tests.

Each person enrolled in a special preparation course must satisfactorily accomplish the stage checks and end-of-course tests, in accordance with the school's approved training course, consisting of the approved areas of operation that are appropriate to the operating privileges or authorization sought, and for which the course applies.

6. Agricultural aircraft operations course.

An approved special preparation course for pilots in agricultural aircraft operations must include at least the following:

- (a) 25 hours of training on:
 - (1) Agricultural aircraft operations;
 - (2) Safe piloting and operating practices and procedures for handling, dispensing, and disposing agricultural and industrial chemicals, including operating in and around congested areas; and
 - (3) Applicable provisions of part 137 of the ECARs.
- (b) 15 hours of flight training on agricultural aircraft operations.

7. Rotorcraft external-load operations course.

An approved special preparation course for pilots of external-load operations must include at least the following:

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- (a) 10 hours of training on:
 - (1) Rotorcraft external-load operations;
 - (2) Safe piloting and operating practices and procedures for external-load operations, including operating in and around congested areas; and
 - (3) Applicable provisions of part 133 of the ECARs.
 - (b) 15 hours of flight training on external-load operations.

8. Test pilot course.

An approved special preparation course for pilots in test pilot duties must include at least the following:

- (a) Aeronautical knowledge training on:
 - (1) Performing aircraft maintenance, quality assurance, and certification test flight operations;
 - (2) Safe piloting and operating practices and procedures for performing aircraft maintenance, quality assurance, and certification test flight operations;
 - (3) Applicable parts of the ECARs that pertain to aircraft maintenance, quality assurance, and certification tests; and
 - (4) Test pilot duties and responsibilities.
- (b) 15 hours of flight training on test pilot duties and responsibilities.

9. Special operations course.

An approved special preparation course for pilots in special operations that are mission-specific for certain aircraft must include at least the following:

- (a) Aeronautical knowledge training on:
 - (1) Performing that special flight operation;
 - (2) Safe piloting operating practices and procedures for performing that special flight operation;
 - (3) Applicable parts of the ECARs that pertain to that special flight operation; and
 - (4) Pilot in command duties and responsibilities for performing that special flight operation.
- (b) Flight training:
 - (1) On that special flight operation; and
 - (2) To develop skills, competency, proficiency, resourcefulness, self-confidence, and self-reliance in the student for performing that special flight operation in a safe manner.

10. Pilot refresher course.

An approved special preparation pilot refresher course for a pilot license, aircraft category and class rating, or an instrument rating must include at least the following:

- (a) 4 hours of aeronautical knowledge training on:
 - (1) The aeronautical knowledge areas that are applicable to the level of pilot license, aircraft category and class rating, or instrument rating, as appropriate, that pertain to that course;
 - (2) Safe piloting operating practices and procedures; and
 - (3) Applicable provisions of parts 61 and 91 of the ECARs for pilots.
- (b) 6 hours of flight training on the approved areas of operation that are applicable to the level of pilot license, aircraft category and class rating, or instrument rating, as appropriate, for performing pilot-in-command duties and responsibilities.

11. Flight instructor refresher course.

An approved special preparation flight instructor refresher course must include at least a combined total of 16 hours of aeronautical knowledge training, flight training, or any combination of ground and flight training on the following:

- (a) Aeronautical knowledge training on:
 - (1) The aeronautical knowledge areas of part 61 of the ECARs that apply to student, recreational, private, and commercial pilot licenses and instrument ratings;
 - (2) The aeronautical knowledge areas of part 61 of the ECARs that apply to flight instructor ratings;
 - (3) Safe piloting operating practices and procedures, including airport operations and operating in the National Airspace System; and

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- (4) Applicable provisions of parts 61 and 91 of this chapter that apply to pilots and flight instructors.
 - (b) Flight training to review:
 - (1) The approved areas of operations applicable to student, recreational, private, and commercial pilot licenses and instrument ratings; and
 - (2) The skills, competency, and proficiency for performing flight instructor duties and responsibilities.

12. Ground instructor refresher course.

An approved special preparation ground instructor refresher course must include at least 16 hours of aeronautical knowledge training on:

- (a) The aeronautical knowledge areas of part 61 of the ECARs that apply to student, recreational, private, and commercial pilots and instrument rated pilots;
- (b) The aeronautical knowledge areas of part 61 of the ECARs that apply to ground instructors;
- (c) Safe piloting operating practices and procedures, including airport operations and operating in the National Airspace System; and
- (d) Applicable provisions of parts 61 and 91 of the ECARs that apply to pilots and ground instructors.

Appendix K
Pilot Ground School Course

1. Applicability.

This appendix prescribes the minimum curriculum for a pilot ground school course required under this part.

2. General requirements.

An approved course of training for a pilot ground school must include training on the aeronautical knowledge areas that are:

- (a) Needed to safely exercise the privileges of the certificate, rating, or authority for which the course is established; and
- (b) Conducted to develop competency, proficiency, resourcefulness, self-confidence, and self-reliance in each student.

3. Aeronautical knowledge training requirements.

Each approved pilot ground school course must include:

- (a) The aeronautical knowledge training that is appropriate to the aircraft rating and pilot certificate level for which the course applies; and
- (b) An adequate number of total aeronautical knowledge training hours appropriate to the aircraft rating and pilot certificate level for which the course applies.

4. Stage checks and end-of-course tests.

Each person enrolled in a pilot ground school course must satisfactorily accomplish the stage checks and end-of-course tests, in accordance with the school's approved training course, consisting of the approved areas of operation that are appropriate to the operating privileges or authorization that graduation from the course will permit and for which the course applies.